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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
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Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

CONTROLLED BY ALIENS.

FOREIGN AND AMERICAN TRANSPORTATION ALLIANCES.

A Combination of Interests That May Be Expected to Oppose Measures Looking Toward the Rehabilitation of the American Merchant Marine.

It is a fact, though probably not generally known outside of transportation circles, that there is, so to speak, a close community of interest between the principal trunk lines of railroad in this country and foreign steamship companies. This combination enables the railroad companies to secure the distribution of imported goods and also to gather and deliver to the steamship lines outward bound cargoes, both steamship and railroad lines apportioning the rates of freight and sharing in the profits of the transportation.

Of the five principal lines of railroad connecting the interior with Atlantic ports, all but one have combinations with foreign steamship lines, and thus the carriage of the commerce of the country, from the various points of production to those of distribution and consumption, is almost wholly directly or indirectly controlled by alien interests and combinations. The solitary exception among the railroad lines maintains an independent system of steamship connection; otherwise it also would probably be obliged to combine with alien ocean transportation interests in order to get its share of the traffic.

This shows how absolutely necessary it is that whatever protection is afforded to American over sea shipping interests shall be ample and of such a character as to give assurance of permanency in order to be entirely effective. The reciprocity navigation treaties now in force require that at least twelve months' notice shall be given of their abrogation. It is easily conceivable that during this interval of twelve months the enormous aggregation of foreign capital employed in alien transportation lines, and the influence of the railroad interests allied with these lines, would combine with the object of securing the repeal or at least the modification of enactments of a character so inimical to their interests as provided for the imposition of discriminating duties against imports in foreign vessels.

The profits of ocean freight carrying are very largely derived from imported goods having high freight classification. Aliens practically enjoy the monopoly of ocean transportation, and through agreements among themselves, freight rates are maintained with general uniformity. With outward bound cargoes practically assured, through combinations with the principal railroad lines, and with but little competition in passenger business, the foreign steamship companies could well afford to lower rates on imports to such a figure as would materially lessen the profits of American ships enjoying the protection of discriminating duties against imports in foreign vessels.

Therefore, the measure of protection which it is proposed to give with the object of promoting American shipbuilding interests and restoring the American merchant marine should, at the outset, be so liberal and of such a character as not only to be entirely effective in its purpose but such as to give assurance of being maintained for a term of years.

Capitalists could not be expected to take the risk of establishing plants for the construction of cargo ships to compete with foreign vessels if there should be the remotest probability of such modification of the measure of protection, through foreign or domestic influences, as would tend to discourage the operation of such vessels when they were water born. Neither would managers of the projected ships be likely to perfect their arrangements for employing the vessels in the over sea trade without some assurance that the protection afforded would be sufficient to enable them successfully to compete with alien enterprises.

It is believed by those who have given this matter careful consideration that ten per cent. discriminating duty against imports in foreign vessels is none too great, and that any less degree of protection would be ineffective and, moreover, discouraging to the interests which are sought to be promoted. Hon. Stephen B. Elkins, the framer and the earnest advocate of the measure providing for discriminating duties on imports in foreign vessels, in his speech in the Senate in April, 1897, said:

"It is not claimed that the bill under consideration is perfect or will bring all needed relief. It will have to be supplemented by further legislation. It is claimed, however, in its behalf, that the principle has been tried for nearly forty years and produced the most beneficial results, and to restore discriminating duties now would be a start in the right direction."

Though the measure is to some extent tentative, the principle is by no means experimental. Perfection of the measure, according to the best lights obtainable, would give promise of such results as would be a practical guarantee of its successful operation despite the opposition of the combinations of capital and of influence that would be arrayed against it.

Cause for Gratitude.

The duty on citrus fruit is none too high. This section owes a deep debt of gratitude to those who gave it so ample protection from foreign competition. Some of this gratitude is due even to the Democrats who made a fight for a high duty in committee. But we must not forget the peculiar inconsistency in voting for the peculiar whole bill on its final passage the protection is so good for orange. If who get the benefit must not fail to stand in for a similar benefit to American producers of other things.—Los Angeles Express.

A New Freight Station.

The receivers of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad have adopted plans, and they are about ready to let the contract for a new $100,000 inbound freight station in Baltimore. The new building will be 600 feet long, forty-two feet wide and six stories high. It will occupy the site of the present inbound station. The new building will have a cold storage plant in the basement and the upper floors will be used as a storage warehouse. Seventy-five cars can be unloaded at one time.

TWO PLATFORMS.

Republican Courage Contrasted With Democratic Evasion.

In the matter of courage, progressiveness and patriotism a marked contrast is presented between two platforms adopted in the same week by the leading political parties of the leading State of the Union. In one of these platforms the live, exigent questions of the day, questions of the highest consequence to all the people, are met and handled with perfect clearness and an emphasis that admits of no failure to grasp the true meaning of these declarations of principle and policy. In the other platform these questions are wholly ignored, and the voter is left to guess out for himself what is or may be the attitude of the party in relation to them.

The platform adopted by the New York Republican State Convention at Saratoga, September 27, contains, among its other declarations, the following:

"The Republican party is fulfilling the pledges we made at St. Louis. We have enacted a conservative protective tariff, so wisely devised that the revenue is amply sufficient to pay the ordinary expenses of government in times of peace, while capital is encouraged to seek employment and the wages of labor are maintained at that high standard which experience has proved to be necessary to the welfare of our people. Our exports largely exceed our imports. The gold of the world comes steadily to our shores, and with a continuance of Republican policy and Republican national administration the prosperous future of the nation is assured.

In the interest of American labor and commerce, we believe that American products should be carried in American ships, and we favor the upbuilding of an American merchant marine, which will give us our share in the carrying trade of the world in time of peace and constitute an effective naval militia in time of war."

The platform of the New York Democratic State Convention, adopted at Syracuse, September 29, contains not one word of allusion to the sequestions. The issues of protection or free trade, of legislative action looking toward the restoration of the marine prestige of the United States, are simply shirked, as are other important national issues which are plainly set forth in the Republican platform. To be sure, the Democrats at Syracuse did pluck up courage to say:

"While in national affairs we adhere with steadfast fidelity to all the principles and policies of Jeffersonian Democracy, etc."

Only that, and nothing more, on national questions. "Jefferson Democracy" is a phrase which had some meaning nearly a hundred years ago. Jefferson was a protectionist, an advocate of encouragement to American shipping, and an ardent territorial expansionist. He would, for these reasons, and for other reasons none the less, have felt sadly out of his element among the free traders, the free silverites and the freebooters whose names made up the roll call of the Syracuse Convention.

Presumptively the two parties in the State are at loggerheads all around. What one favors the other opposes. Viewed in this light, the issues may be said to be made up. The intelligent voter is quite certain to look at it in that way and mark his ballot accordingly.

Then and Now.

One hundred years ago American ships carried ninety-three per cent. of American commerce.

To-day John Bull does the lion's share of America's carrying trade.

Good in Peace or War.

The incontrovertible figures of the bulletins issued by the Bureau of Statistics will not permit the Dingley tariff law to be lost from sight. Democrats, Populists and other opponents of the Republican policy cannot get around the fact that the Dingley law is pulling steadily in the right direction and piling up statistics for the discomfiture of free traders. The dutiable imports for August amounted to $27,819,693, and the imports free of duty to $21,359,693; total imports, $49,179,386. The exports of merchandise for August amounted to $84,608,774; excess of exports over imports, $35,429,388; increase of exports over August last year, $4,216,276. Even in a war month we sold more abroad than we bought.

Our imports for the first eight months of 1898 were valued at $426,412,038, and the exports at $778,674,025; excess of exports over imports, $352,262,987. This represents a foreign trade of $1,205,086,062 for the eight months, or $1,807,628,986 for the year. The Dingley law put a balance of trade in favor of the United States and months of war during the last four years, a condition of extraordinary consequence.—Chronicle.—Spokane

John Wesley's Home.

The repairs which have been in progress for nearly a year in the historic house in which John Wesley, the founder of Methodism, lived in London, England, are nearing completion, and the house is to be formally opened as a Methodist centre and museum for Wesleyana.

PORTO RICO A PART OF US

The Natives Hail With Joy the Raising of the Stars and Stripes.

THE ENTIRE ISLAND OCCUPIED.

General Brooke is Military Governor—The People Rejoice That Spanish Rule Has Ended—Morro Castle and Fort San Cristobal Salute Old Glory—Our Troops Parade Through Cheering Crowds.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico (By Cable).—The island of Porto Rico is now an integral part of the United States, and the natives generally are joyous over the termination of the Spanish domination.

MAJOR-GENERAL JOHN R. BROOKE.
(Military Governor of Porto Rico.)

An noon on Wednesday the American flag was hoisted on the forts and public buildings with all the honors due the occasion. As the flag floated on the breeze the officials and soldiers taking part in the ceremony removed their hats and stood bareheaded, while the artillery in Morro Castle and Fort San Cristobal thundered forth a national salute.

The revenue cutter Manning, Captain Munger, with Captain Shoemaker, Chief of the Revenue Service, aboard, reached here in time to fire a salute to the flag on behalf of the Navy.

The day was delightfully cool, which added much to the pleasure of the occasion. The flag was raised on the palace by Major James Dean. As the first gun was fired at Morro Castle Ensign King, of the collier Caesar, which is now Admiral Schley's flagship, hoisted the flag in the Plaza Alfonso Doce. The natives cheered the Stars and Stripes to the echo, and the whole proceeding was marked with much patriotism.

There was a parade of soldiers, which proved a great success, and which was very inspiriting to the natives. Admiral Schley and his staff and General Gordon and his staff rode in carriages. The troops taking part were the Second Battalion of the Fifth Artillery, the Eleventh Regular Infantry and Troop H of the Sixth Cavalry. General Brooke, the Military Governor, came in from Rio Piedras with a guard of honor.

The procession marched through the principal streets of the city, and thousands of persons greeted the demonstration with cheers. The populace were in great good humor.

The work of the joint military commission ended thirty-eight days after the first meeting. The best of good feeling prevailed between the American and Spanish Commissioners, and this had a good effect on all classes. General Brooke bears his honors well, and he is admired by the Spaniards and natives alike. He has the qualities necessary in a ruler of discordant elements such as exist in Porto Rico today. He combines natural kindness of heart with stern military discipline, which will insure his success as Military Governor.

The area of the island of Porto Rico is 353 square miles, and its dependencies, the small islands of Mona, Culebra, etc., aggregate 191 miles more. It is traversed from east to west by a low range of mountains, the Sierra Cayey, and there are numerous branches of this range, separating fertile valleys. The highest peak is Mount Yunque, near the northeast end, 3688 feet above the sea.

Almost the whole of the island is cultivated. The climate is seldom severe, even in summer, and foreigners easily become acclimated. The principal products of the island are sugar, coffee and tobacco. The population of the island is about 800,000, an average of over 200 to the square mile.

Porto Rico was discovered by Columbus in 1493, and was conquered by the Spaniards under Ponce de Leon in 1518, after nine years' fighting, in which nearly the whole native population was exterminated. It has since been held by Spain, and with its dependencies was formed into a Spanish province in 1870. Slavery in the island was not abolished till 1873.

The Entire Island Occupied.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The United States is now formally in possession of the island of Porto Rico as sovereign. The War Department has received the following:

"SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, October 18.

"Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.:

"Flags have been raised on public buildings and forts in this city and saluted with national salutes. The occupation of the island is now complete. BROOKE."

KILLED BY TOADSTOOLS.

A Trenton Family Ate Them For Mushrooms With Fatal Results.

TRENTON, N. J. (Special).—Four persons died here Tuesday because of a feast of toadstools, eaten as mushrooms in connection with a Sunday beefsteak dinner. Four others are in a critical condition.

The dead are Henry Goldbach, a South Trenton grocer; his wife, his eight-year-old daughter, Helen, and his sister, Croelia Goldbach.

Those likely to die are Edward Goldbach, a young son of the deceased grocer; David Lesser, father of Mrs. Goldbach; a young man employed as grocery clerk, and Mary Young, a servant.

Mr. Goldbach, who kept a store at Tremont and Jerssy streets, always had a special fondness for mushrooms, and his family shared this taste. The grocer frequently purchased them from those who made a livelihood gathering them. He could not distinguish them, however, from the poisonous growth.

Those who ate the toadstools at the Sunday dinner began to show distress that night. The four who are now dead became ill first, but, not suspecting the cause, home remedies were applied. The symptoms became so violent, however, that physicians were called. The others became ill after that, and more physicians were called. Some of them have been in constant attendance on the various patients ever since.

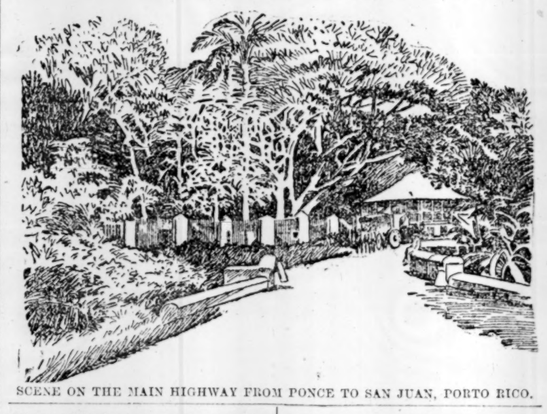
SOLDIERS ARRIVE FROM PORTO RICO

Governor Hastings Greets the Sixteenth Pennsylvania Boys.

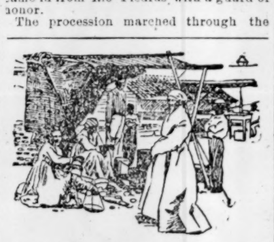
NEW YORK CITY (Special).—Brigadier-General O. H. Ernst and staff, with about 1000 troops, including the Sixteenth Pennsylvania Regiment and convalescents and men on furlough from the Third Wisconsin, Sixth Massachusetts and First Kentucky regiments, arrived here a few days ago on the transport Minnewaska from Ponce, Porto Rico. There were also aboard about fifty civilians, including W. S. Larner, of the Postal Commission.

With few exceptions the men were in good condition, and that their spirits were high was evidenced by the repeated cheering with which they greeted the party of Pennsylvanians led by Governor Hastings that went down to meet them on the General Meigs. Mrs. Ernst, wife of the General, and the latter's two daughters also went down on the General Meigs to welcome him.

General Ernst lost thirty-eight pounds during the campaign, and said that his health has been remarkably good for such a climate.



SCENE ON THE MAIN HIGHWAY FROM PONCE TO SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO.



MARKET SCENE OUTSIDE THE WALLS OF SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO.

ACTING GOVERNOR WATKINS NOW.

Senator Voorhees Resigns to Be Eligible For a Full Term Governorship.

TRENTON, N. J. (Special).—Samuel S. Gordon, messenger of the Executive office, brought to Trenton Wednesday evening the resignation of Foster M. Voorhees as Senator from Union County. Senator Voorhees, who has been Acting Governor, resigns so as be eligible to the Governorship for a full term. Deputy Secretary of State Rickey opened the envelope and immediately Senator Stokes, of Cumberland County, administered the oath of office to David O. Watkins, the Speaker of the Assembly, and Mr. Rickey formally transferred to Mr. Watkins the seal of State.

Acting Governor Watkins is the third Executive the State has had since February 1, when Attorney-General Griggs resigned the Governorship. There will be no more Governors before next February, as Speaker Watkins's term will end with the meeting of the Legislature, when the new President of the Senate will act as Governor for one week, until the Governor chosen in November shall be inaugurated.

Shell Thrown Into a Furnace.

A shell which, according to tradition, was fired by a British warship off Ashtabula, Ohio, in the war of 1812, and which had been treasured as a relic in Ashtabula, caused considerable damage a few days ago. It accidentally got into a pile of scrap iron which was delivered to the Phœnix Iron Works Foundry, and was put into the furnace with the other iron. An explosion ensued, which smashed the furnace doors to atoms.

Mysterious Murder in Tarrytown.

The body of Jose Gianco, an Italian who had been employed at the water works in Tarrytown, N. Y., and who had been missing, was found buried in the woods a few days ago on Castle Ridge, near the reservoir. The man's skull had been crushed in with the sharp edge of a hatchet.

To Construct a Railroad in Cuba.

Secretary of War Alger will recommend that Congress appropriate funds to construct a railroad line from Cape Maysi, at the eastern extremity of Cuba, to Cape Antonio, at the western extremity.

The Labor World.

Wheeling tailors have reorganized.

Denver now has a labor exchange.

San Francisco plasterers earn $4 a day.

Boston has a newspaper writers' union.

Retail druggists talk of forming a national union.

California and Colorado have Home Industry Leagues.

Duluth (Minn.) lumber handlers get fifty cents an hour.

San Francisco shipwrights get $5 for nine hours' work.

Organization effected higher wages for over half a million British workingmen of a year.

Husband and Wife Murdered.

Emil Chiniquy and his wife were found murdered at their home in Stanne, Ill., a few days ago. Their heads had been crushed by blows from a hammer or a heavy club. It is supposed the murderers were robbing the dwelling when they were discovered by Mr. and Mrs. Chiniquy. A twenty-year-son slept upstairs. He heard no noise during the night. Mr. Chiniquy was a very muscular man, but there were no traces of a struggle. The murderers had entered by a window. Mr. Chiniquy was a wealthy retired farmer, forty-five years old, who lived in one of the handsomest dwellings of Stanne.

Stove in the Mersey Lock Gates.

An unmanageable steamer stove in the Mersey lock gates at Liverpool, England, a few days ago, and the great volume of water thus released swept the vessels and several lighters down the river. The hawsers of the White Star freight steamer Normandie were broken by the strain, and she was borne along in the roaring torrent. The lighters were sunk, but their crews, with the exception of one man, were saved.

Troops to Be Kept North.

Troops in the North will not be sent to Southern camps until there is no further danger from yellow fever.

MANY PERISH IN A WRECK

Atlantic Transport Liner Mohegan Foundered Off the English Coast.

OVER 100 PERSONS DROWNED.

The Mohegan Was on a Dangerous Course a Mile From Land When She Struck a Rock and Sank—Most of the Passengers and All the Principal Officers Lost—Conduct of the Crew.

FALMOUTH, England (By Cable).—The outward bound liner Mohegan, from London to New York, went ashore on the rocks in the vicinity of the Lizard, on the Cornish coast, between the Manacles and Lowlands. One hundred and one persons, it is now believed, perished.

There were 146 souls on board. Of these fifty were passengers and ninety-six belonged to the crew. The survivors number forty-five all told. Of these thirty-one are members of the crew.

Some of the Mohegan's lifeboats which left her side after she ran on the rock are unaccounted for. They may have been lost with all in them, or they may have been picked up in the channel.

All the survivors are in a pitiable condition, and some of them have been badly injured by waves and rocks and are suffering from bruises and torn and fractured limbs. A few have died since being landed.

The steamship Mohegan lies in ten fathoms of water off the Manacles, not far from the Lizard. Only her funnel and her foremast can be seen.

To the sailors hereabouts the loss of the vessel is a mystery, as it was not a foggy night and the light on the Lizard should have warned the captain of the ship that he was too near the land.

The Lizard, that bold promontory which seems to stand as a sentinel at the entrance to the broad Atlantic, was sighted in the afternoon. There was plenty of shipping in the channel.

The saloon dinner bell sounded, and those of the passengers who were well enough went in to eat. Stewards darted here and there handing out the good things.

The Mohegan left London for New York, commanded by Captain Griffith, the commodore of the Atlantic Transport line and a man with a reputation for carefulness and sea knowledge.

Suddenly the Mohegan struck rocks. She had been going at full speed and the shock was awful. She bounded off the rock and then struck again, bow on, with almost as much force.

A hole had been knocked in the bottom and the sea rushed in, driving the men from their places. The engineers gallantly stuck to their duty and made an effort to find if the damage was capable of being repaired or if the ship must sink. But men were drowned at their posts down there among the machinery, and soon all knew that the ship was doomed.

Captain Griffith stood on the bridge and gave the orders to lower the boats. The greatest coolness prevailed among the officers and men. As the sailors swung the davits round and let the boats down they could feel the deck settling under their feet and see the water rising higher and higher.

Two boats were launched. In the first boat the Englishmen, true to the traditions of British sailors, put the women. It pulled out from the side and as it did so many of the men on the deck gave it a parting cheer.

The terror of the scene was indescribable—men jumped overboard in an agony of despair and the women passengers huddled together and refused to leave the deck. The officers remained on the bridge to the last, and many instances of sacrifice are recorded.

A lifeboat with a load of forty persons on its way to the shore passed many who were battling for their lives in the water whom it was impossible to save.

The reason for the Mohegan's presence so far inshore remains unexplained. It seems to have been a mistake of judgment on the part of Captain Griffith.

The commander, however, went down with his ship and cannot speak for himself, and other sailors hesitate to condemn him yet.

The first, second and third officers were lost as well as the captain, and it is difficult to get any trustworthy information as to the navigation of the vessel from the surviving sailors. A rigid inquiry will be made by the Board of Trade to fix the responsibility for the disaster.

The Mohegan, formerly the Cleopatra, is a steel hulled vessel of 4070 gross and 3351 net tons. She is 376.6 feet long, has a beam of 44.9 feet and a depth of hold of 20.2 feet. She is a single screw vessel with triple expansion engines of 772 nominal horse power. The Mohegan has most elaborate interior arrangements. She was built for comfort rather than speed. The vessel was fitted for a limited number of voyagers, as she was intended more as a heavy freight carrier than as a passenger ship.

KILLED IN MINE DISASTER.

Water Intended to Stop a Fire Causes Disastrous Explosions.

TAMAQUA, Penn. (Special).—Five men were killed and eleven injured by an explosion of gas in colliery No. 8 at Coaldale, near here. The dead are: Motiss Clarkey, Coaldale; William Cook, Lansford; John Koonieka, Lansford; William R. Reese, Coaldale; Thomas Smith, fire boss, Coaldale.

The colliery is the largest producer of four in that valley owned by the Lehigh Coal and Navagation Company. Because of a recent fire in the left section of the mine shifts of men were put to work driving holes from a gangway, through which water was to be forced upon the flames. While the gang of men was building a dam to back up the water the gangway caught fire.

Nearly 100,000 gallons of water were turned into the holes and almost instantly a terrific explosion occurred, followed in quick success on by four lighter explosions.

The Funeral of Queen Louise.

After a mournful service in the death chamber at Copenhagen, Denmark, the coffin containing the body of Queen Louise of Denmark, who died September 29, was borne to the funeral car by the King of Denmark, the Czar of Russia, the King of Greece, the Crown Prince of Denmarck and other members of the royal family and taken to Roskilde, nineteen miles from Denmark, the home of the Danish Kings of the Middle Ages, where the body was placed in the vault.

Conspiring Against French Government.

It was announced in Paris, France, that a military plot against the Government had been discovered, involving leading Generals, the rumored object of which was to overthrow the republic and re-establish the monarchy in the hands of Prince Louis Bonaparte, the new leader of the Imperialist party.

Chaplain McIntyre Guilty.

Chaplain McIntyre, of the battleship Oregon, has been found guilty by a court martial at Denver, Col., of improperly criticising his superior officers and sentenced to be dismissed from the navy.

The National Game.

McCreery leads the Pittsburgs in batting; Donovan is second.

Kansas City has claimed third baseman Shindle, released by Brooklyn.

Frazer has greater curves than any pitcher in the League, and also has poorer control of them.

Maul has the best percentage of victories of the pitchers, with nineteen victories and but six defeats.

Daly seems to have strengthened the Brooklyns very much by his splendid fielding and hitting.

The professional baseball season has been the most disastrous one in the history of the national game.

NEW SENATOR FROM OREGON.

He Favors Keeping All the Philippines and Building the Nicaragua Canal.

PORTLAND, Ore. (Special).—Senator-elect Joseph Simon, speaking of his probable course on the leading questions which will come before Congress, said: "I favor the retention of the entire Philippine group

SENATOR-ELECT JOSEPH SIMON, OF OREGON.

and I should not agree to the ratification of a treaty that remits any portion of them to Spain. I am for Governmental construction and control of the Nicaragua Canal and favor a Pacific cable. I am for a larger standing army and a greater navy."

THREE SOLDIERS "SPREAD-EAGLED."

Severely Punished at Camp Meade For Disobeying Orders.

CAMP MEADE, Middletown, Penn. (Special).—Privates Mace, Plant and Mose, of Company M, Second West Virginia, were "spread-eagled" on the ground, with hands and feet tied to heavy stakes with stout ropes for nearly two hours on Monday for disobedience of orders. Sentries were stationed over the prostrate men and their faces were exposed to the burning glare of the sun until they promised to do as they were told. When the men were released they refused to keep their word and they were ordered back to the guardhouse for trial by court martial.

The offenders were arrested and sent to the guardhouse several days ago for unbecoming conduct, and Monday Lieutenant Gaujoit, officer of the day, ordered them to clean up the company streets. They refused and the officer reported them to Lieutenant-Colonel Moore, who is in command of the regiment while Colonel Casteel is acting Brigadier-Commander.

Colonel Moore ordered the men to be tied up "spread-eagle" fashion, and Gaujoit obeyed orders by directing the sentries at the guardhouse to punish the men in the manner indicated. Colonel Moore says Mose, who was in the regular army as an old offender. The other two enlisted at Shepardstown, W. Va., and they have had no previous military experience.

CIGARETTE COST A HUSBAND.

Groom Smelled Smoke on His Bride's Breath and Left Her at the Altar.

MILVALE, Neb. (Special).—At the altar Harry Keldar refused to marry Miss Genevieve Ransom because he smelled cigarette smoke on her breath. Like many another society girl, Miss Ransom used to indulge in the practice of smoking occasionally with her girl friends. Keldar discovered the fact some time before the date set for the wedding, and said he couldn't stand it. So Miss Ransom promised to smoke no more.

But shortly before the hour set for the marriage ceremony one of the bridesmaids offered her a cigarette. The young lady couldn't resist, so she smoked just once more. A few moments later she stood beside the bridegroom in her parents' drawing room. The house was filled with guests. As the clergyman commenced the ceremony, Keldar sniffed suspiciously. Then he leaned forward with his face close to the bride's.

"You've been smoking again!" he exclaimed.

Miss Ransom vouchsafed no reply. Without another word Keldar turned and walked out of the house. The bride fainted. The bridegroom's friends hurried out to bring him back. But Keldar wouldn't go. Nor would Miss Ransom have accept him had he changed his mind. The match was declared off.

A DUCHESS LOSES DIAMONDS.

A Satchel Containing $150,000 Worth of Jewelry Stolen From a Car.

PARIS, France (By Cable).—The Dowager Duchess of Sutherland, while on board a train for Calais, bound for London, lost a satchel containing jewelry worth $150,000. Her Grace left the train at Amiens and returned here to report her loss to the police. It is believed that the satchel was stolen, but there is no clue to the thief.

It is supposed that the satchel was taken when the Duchess left her compartment in the train for a moment to speak with friends at the railway station here, after having deposited it near her seat in the compartment.

Quick Death From Lockjaw.

Bertha Holberger, six years old, of Hackensack, N. J., died a few days ago from lockjaw, within six hours after she received the injury, which led to the development of tetanus. She was playing with some sticks when she ran a splinter into her right hand between the thumb and first finger. After the lapse of four hours, during which the injury had been almost forgotten by the rest of the family, the child began to manifest what afterward proved to be the symptoms of lockjaw. She became unconscious and her jaw set. Dr. McFadden was called, but before he could do anything for her relief the child died.

New Ministry in Cape Colony.

The Hon. W. P. Schreiner, the Afrikander leader and former Attorney-General of Cape Colony, whose motion of want of confidence in the Government recently overthrew the Gordon-Sprigg, or Rhodes Ministry, has succeeded in forming a new Ministry. It is regarded as being a strong Afrikander combination.

Zola Returns to Paris.

M. Emile Zola returned to Paris, France, a few days ago. His return caused no disturbance.

Anarchist Plot Against Emperor William.

The police of Alexandria, Egypt, have arrested nine Italian Anarchists, and thereby frustrated a plot to kill Emperor William of Germany during his visit to Palestine. Powerful bombs were found by the police in a house frequented by the conspirators.

Yaquis on the Warpath.

The Yaqui Indians residing in the San Antonio district of Mexico, went on the warpath on account of fancied wrongs inflicted by the Government authorities. They have committed many outrages on peaceable settlers.

Jesse James is Indicted.

The Grand Jury of Kansas City, Mo., returned indictments against Jesse James, son of the noted outlaw; William W. Lowe, the self-confessed train robber; Charles Polk, Andrew Ryan and Caleb Stone for holding up and robbing a Missouri Pacific train at Belt Line Junction on the night of September 26.

Raised $112,000 For Church Work.

The Rev. A. B. Simpson, President of the Christian Missionary Alliance, raised $112,000 on Sunday amid scenes of religious fervor in the Gospel Tabernacle and Carnegie Hall, New York City.

M'KINLEY MADE AN LL.D

The University of Chicago Confers the Degree With Scholastic Pomp.

FIRST TO RECEIVE THE HONOR

Rich Cap, Gown and Hood Formally Presented to the President by Dr. Harper—First Time the Degree Has Been Conferred by the University—The Ceremony in Kent Theatre.

CHICAGO, Ill. (Special.)—President McKinley was given the degree of Doctor of Laws on Monday by the University of Chicago. The ceremony was marked by great scholastic pomp, an academic cap and gown and doctor's hood, all of the richest materials, being presented to the Chief Magistrate of the nation.

Just before noon he started for the university, accompanied by Mrs. McKinley, Thomas G. Bryan, of the Peace Jubilee Committee; Secretary and Mrs. Gage, Secretary Bliss, Secretary Wilson and Miss Wilson, and Private Secretaries John Addison Porter and Cortelyou.

The visitors were driven to the residence of William R. Harper, President of the university, where lunch was served. After this a procession of 3000 students was reviewed by President McKinley, Dr. Harper and the members of the President's party.

President McKinley, with Dr. Harper, escorted by the trustees and combined faculties, then walked through two files of students, extending the length of the campus, to Kent Theatre, where the public exercises were held. The President was enthusiastically received by the great audience and was compelled to bow repeatedly before the applause subsided.

After prayer by the university chaplain, the address on behalf of the trustees on "The Firm Foundation of National Peace" was delivered by the Rev. Dr. Alonzo Ketcham Parker. The address on behalf of the congregation was delivered by Professor Albion Woodbury Small, and then President McKinley was named for the degree by Dean Harry Pratt Judson, who said in part:

"I, therefore, now present to you, the Chief Magistrate of the United States, William McKinley, who recently, in the severest crisis, failed at no point to serve the interest of the commonwealth. And I commend him to you as a man deserving of the highest honors that the university can bestow."

President Harper then stepped forward, and addressing the President conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Laws, which granted and bestowed upon him all honors, rights and privileges appertaining to the degree.

President McKinley was then presented by President Harper with the doctor's hood of the university and a diploma. The university authorities also presented him with an academic cap and gown, made from the finest faille silk. The gown sleeves have the decoration of three chevrons of purple velvet, indicating the rank of the degree. Braid bands of royal purple velvet are on the front of the gown. The hood is of the same kind of silk as is used in the gown, and lined with maroon, the color of the university. The cap is of black velvet, with a gold tassel.

The chaplain then pronounced the benediction and the President and party left the university grounds, amid the vociferous cheering of the students. The President was driven down town to the First Regiment Armory, where he held a public reception for two hours.

After the reception the President was driven to the Auditorium, where he took dinner, with members of the Cabinet and the Reception Committee.

NINE LIVES LOST AT SEA.

The British Ship Blengfell Completely Wrecked by Explosion.

MARGATE, England (By Cable).—The British ship Blengfell, Captain Johnson, from New York for London, was destroyed by a sudden fire off this place a few days ago. Nine of her crew, including the Captain, his wife and child, the first and second mates, and a pilot, perished. The survivors were landed here and at Dover.

The Blengfell was passing here, in tow, on her way to London, at about 6.30 a. m., and was about four miles off the coast. Suddenly she was enveloped in flames, and smoke poured from her hatchways. Two lifeboats immediately put off to her assistance, but before they were able to reach the burning vessel her masts fell, and she was burned to the water's edge. Her hull eventually drifted upon the Goodwin Sands.

The Blengfell had a quantity of naphtha on board, which smelled strongly during the voyage, especially aft, so much so that the officers of the ship had to shift their quarters. An explosion occurred just as the Captain of the Blengfell had engaged the services of a tug, which saved the survivors. The vessel burned so quickly that her crew had no time to lower the boats.

The Blengfell was an iron vessel, built at Whitehaven in 1876. She registered 1117 tons, hailed from Liverpool, and was owned by J. Edgar & Co. The Blengfell carried as cargo 329,000 gallons of naphtha, shipped from New York by the Standard Oil Company.

BRITAIN'S STAND IN CHINA.

Demands That the Deposed Emperor Be Restored to His Throne.

LONDON (By Cable).—A dispatch from Shanghai, China, says: "Reports from Japanese sources are in circulation here to the effect that Sir Claude Macdonald (British Minister at Pekin) has informed the Chinese Government that sovereign appertains solely to the Emperor, who has been forcibly abducted and deposed, and that he must be restored to his position, while Kang-Yu-Wei and the other reformers must be pardoned. Failing compliance, Great Britain will enforce these demands."

Russia has hastily concentrated 40,000 men at Port Arthur to be in readiness for any emergency at Peking.

Terrible Wreck on English Railroad.

Nine dead and thirteen seriously injured were taken from the wreck of a fast express train near Barnet, England. The express—one of the fastest trains run over the Great Central Railway—was dashing along at the rate of a mile a minute when it came into collision with a freight train that was switching across the track at Barnet Junction, eleven miles north of London. The express was completely wrecked.

Four Killed by Explosion.

The boiler of a 100-ton freight locomotive on the Wilmington and Northern Railroad exploded at Reading, Penn., killing William Herflicker, engineer; George Mills, fireman; Harry Saydam, conductor, and Willis Woodward, brakeman, all of Bigsboro. The locomotive and four freight cars were demolished.

A Regency For Germany Discussed.

There is much discussion in Germany as to the advisability of establishing a Regency during the absence of Emperor William.

Cigarettes Made Him Insane.

George Cuff, who was arrested in New Brunswick, N. J., a few days ago for acting strangely, was taken to Brooklyn by his brother-in-law, John Loftus, who lives in that city, and who will take care of him. He declared that Cuff was an inveterate cigarette smoker, and that his peculiar actions were due to the excessive use of the weed.

Paris Strike at an End.

The building strike at Paris, France, is entirely ended, and the troops have been withdrawn from the yards and other places where they have been stationed since disturbances were threatened.

THE MARKETS

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—West, extras, ₱	—	@	22½
Firsts	20½	@	21½
Thirds to seconds	18	@	19
State—Thirds to firsts	13	@	21
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	19
Imitation Creamery	13	@	17
Factory, fresh firsts	—	@	14
Low grades	11½	@	12
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	—	@	8½
Small	—	@	9
Part skims, good to prime	4½	@	5
Full skims	2½	@	3
EGGS.			
State and Penn—Fresh	19½	@	20
Leghorn—Fancy	22	@	24
Western—Choice	—	@	19
Southern—Choice	—	@	—
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1898	—	@	1 50
Medium, choice, 1897	1 20	@	1 22½
Pea, choice, 1898	—	@	1 25
Red kidney, choice, 1898	—	@	1 75
White kidney, choice, 1897	1 40	@	1 45
Yellow eye	—	@	1 40
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	2 35	@	2 37½
Green peas, bags	—	@	85
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Greenings, ₱ bbl	2 00	@	3 50
Baldwin, ₱ bbl	1 50	@	2 50
King, ₱ bbl	2 00	@	3 00
Pears, Seckel, ₱ bbl	3 00	@	6 00
Bartlett, ₱ bbl	2 00	@	5 00
Plums, ₱ 8-lb basket	30	@	45
Grapes, Del., ₱ basket	10	@	13
Niagara, ₱ basket	9	@	11
Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₱ bbl	5 50	@	6 00
Quinces, ₱ bbl	1 50	@	3 00
HOPS.			
State—1898, choice, ₱ lb	—	@	19
Fair to prime	15	@	18
Pacific Coast,

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

A Brilliant Fraud.

A small weekly magazine was started here 11 years ago by two hustling young men. One was editor, the other "writer and paster." They clipped, extracted and rewrote. An advertising agent was employed on a commission of 25 per cent, and it was a caution the way he filled up the pages with black type and cuts. Some contracts were made for a month, some for three months, some for a year. The only cash in advance was half of the commission, which was paid as soon as the contract was turned in.

Prosperity peeped from its pages. The magazine rapidly grew fat. In the second week the American News company ordered 14,000 copies. Money flowed out like corn from a hopper and not a cent came in. The writer and paster went around at the end of the month to collect from the 80 day advertisers and what do you suppose happened? He failed to find one! Every advertisement was a fraud. There were no such names, no such businesses, no such addresses as the agent brought in for publication. He happened to have an engagement in New Jersey on that fateful day and never has been seen since. Contracts supposed to be worth $10,000 were not worth a cent. The magazine died.—New York Press.

Everybody says so.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and billousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Oct. 19, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6:00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:30, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers, transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings; also at Elizabeth City Monday and Wednesday for Roanoke Island, Ocracoke Oriental and Dewlern.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M. for Newbern and Roanoke Island, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & W. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C. Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Nowberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk, by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Ag't.

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

W. H. Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

☞ Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO,

Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

☞ All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER

2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

☞ Patching and mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GROVES

TASTELESS

CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.

WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 639 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years in the drug business, have never sold a medicine that gave such universal satisfaction. Yours truly, Bragg, Evans & Co.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF BOTH THE CITY AND THE COUNTY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE IMPORTANCE OF VOTING RIGHT.

While every election is more or less important, this coming one is especially so. It will not only have a direct bearing upon National affairs, but its indirect influence will be even greater than its indirect bearing.

The National policy that has made the country prosperous is menaced by the opposition, and will be disturbed and to some extent jeopardized by Democratic successes. The Democrats are now just as much the enemies of the policies that made us great as they ever were. They decry all party questions now, except that of "nigger," but do not trust them. Give them a chance and they will show all about their seeming innocence.

Unless the people prefer again that we shall again as a Nation experience the same condition as prevailed under the last Cleveland administration, and unless the people of North Carolina again wish to experience the iron heel of the "better than thou" government in this State, which so plainly said and will say again, "you must not think unless you think and vote like me," and if you don't you shall not vote, they must be very careful how they cast their ballot, so as to prevent these evils coming on us again.

THE STATE IS ALL RIGHT.

Statistics show that with the exception of three States, more miles of railroad have been built in North Carolina since the first of January last than in any State in the Union. If we count the projected lines upon which work will probably begin before the end of the year, North Carolina has finished and begun MORE miles of railroad this year than any other State.

Judging from reports to manufacturing journals, at least TWICE as many Cotton mills have been built in the State this year as in any State in the Union. Several old mills have been enlarged. The above facts alone are sufficient to give the lie to the assertions of the Democratic newspapers and hired speakers to the effect that Cooperation rule is driving capital out of the State or in any way retarding industrial progress.

DOING INJURY TO THE STATE.

The Democratic cry of "negro," the exciting of race prejudices, aided by cartoons and a violently bitter partisan press, is doing an injury to the industrial interests of the State in the eyes of the outside world. Capital is sly at best. In their political blindness the Democrats fail to see the harm they are doing until it is everlastingly too late. For the sake of a campaign slogan there is no regard for other interests save that of party.

A Democratic paper says the Republicans have changed their tone on the subject of new markets away from home. The new markets chiefly under consideration at present are under consideration are not away from home. They are to be a part of Uncle Sam's territory. Republican is not a theory, but sticks to the ribs.

When anything is to be done in this country, the Republican party is called on to do it. When there is any kicking to be done the Democratic party, fitly typified by the mule, is the party that does the kicking.

The records show that our State Institutions have been more honestly and more economically administered under Cooperation rule than they were under Democratic rule.

The Democrats have adopted the tactics of the Cuban insurgents. They propose to fight the campaign in guerrilla style and carefully refrain from coming out in the open.

What right has the Democratic party to ask to be trusted when hundreds of thousands of its own voters throughout the country repudiated it two years ago?

The Republican party stands for the improvement of the people and good times. Four years of Democratic rule showed what Democracy stands for.

The policy of Protection does not decrease our sales abroad, but it increases home manufactures and improves the market for home labor.

Since the first of the year silver has been exported from this country to the extent of $54,560,243.

☞ Capital and labor would commingle better if there weren't so many men trying to get capital without labor.

☞ President McKinley is a success whether fighting hard times or Spaniards.

ABOUT CHALLENGES.

On Saturday next, October 29th, from 9 o'clock a. m., till 4 o'clock p. m., is the time for making challenges.

In order to make a valid challenge an affidavit must be filed by an elector with the registrars, stating the special cause and grounds of the challenge, and the payment of 25 cents to the officer who is to serve the notice.

The notice must be served by the officer personally on the person challenged, or left at his place of residence, requiring him to appear on Saturday, November 5th, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the voting precinct, when and where the challenge will be heard by the judges and registrars, upon sworn testimony offered, and the case heard and determined by them.

If the ground of challenge is sustained by a majority of the judges and registrars, the elector's name shall be erased from the registration books, otherwise he will be entitled to vote.

CANNOT AFFORD IT.

North Carolina was in distress and disgrace under Democratic rule. Now she is in neither. The rights of the people have been restored to them and much of the disgraceful Democratic legislation has been repealed. All we need now is to be careful and never again approach any of the old Democratic conditions. North Carolina cannot afford to turn again to turn again to the party that made her one of the worst governed and poorest educated States in the whole Union.

A Democratic speaker can vilify and abuse Republicans and make inflamatory speeches against the negro and they call it all right; but when Republican speakers tell the TRUTH about the Democratic party—exposing its hypocracy, dishonesty and corruption—they denounce it as outrageously wrong. Keep on telling the truth.

Honor bright, now, is there anything in the affluence of the Democratic party to make a wide awake, progressive and patriotic American citizen proud of the organization?

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Oct., 21, 1898.

The sneak campaign through which the Democrats hoped to capture the House by lulling Republican voters into a feeling of over security that would prevent their voting will not succeed. Every day makes that more apparent. Republicans everywhere now realize the absolute necessity of continued control of the House, not only to keep the good work of the campaign of '96 from being undone, but to carry out the war policy of President McKinley. The prosperity of the country, as well as the prestige of the government abroad, is at stake. A few weeks ago there were many Republicans who did not realize this to-day there are not so many by thousands, and before election day there will be none, and the result of this awakening will be a rousing Republican victory and endorsement of the grand achievements of the administration, both in peace and war. The Democrats are already beginning to realize this, as they are beginning to discount their defeat. They are no longer claiming that they will elect a majority of the House, but are beginning to let themselves down easy by claiming that they will cut down the Republican majority in the House.

The official news from the American Peace Commissioners has not been made public, but it is satisfactory to Secretary Hay, as far as it has gone, and it has gone as far as it was expected, under the circumstances. Speed and promptness are unknown to the Spanish character, but Spain has been made to understand that what Spain is pleased to call the Cuban bonded indebtedness would not be allowed to figure in the negotiations at Paris. It required no new instructions to the American Commissions to accomplish that result. They understood from the first that President McKinley was determined that the United States would have nothing whatever to do with either paying or guaranteeing the payment of a single bond issued by the kingdom of Spain. When the Philippine question is taken up Spain will again be shown that the United States is dictating the terms of peace, not playing a game of diplomacy.

This government will hereafter make smokeless powder for the Navy, as will be seen from the following extract from the annual report of the Chief of the Naval Ordnance Bureau: "After many difficulties the manufacture of a purely smokeless powder, made by the bureau's formula from soluble nitrocellulose dissolved in either alcohol, uniform in character and possessing good keeping qualities, has become an accomplished fact. Considerable quantities have already been provided and a few vessels have been given complete outgts; all vessels fitted out hereafter will, if time and money permit, be supplied exclusively with smokeless powder, except a certain number of charges of brown power to be used for target practice, in order that the supply on hand may be used up, and because it is cleaner than smokeless powder. The bureau could have supplied considerable quantities of smokeless powder to various vessels during the war, but, as owing to lack of time it was impracticable to supply complete outfits, it seems useless to supply it in part, as a few guns using brown powdew would nullify the advantages gained by the use of smokeless powder in others."

Don't Neglect Your Liver.

Liver troubles quickly result in serious complications, and the man who neglects his liver has little regard for health. A bottle of Browns' Iron Bitters taken now and then will keep the liver in perfect order. If the disease has developed, Browns' Iron Bitters will cure it permanently. Strength and vitality will always follow its use. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

Hon. Harry Skinner on the Stump. By One who Heard Him.

Hon. Harry Skinner is too much for John H Small, the Democratic nominee. In the joint debates he challenges Mr. Small:

1. To point out a single vote that Skinner has given either in the Legislature or in Congress, which has not been in the interest of the people.

2. To point out a single law which the Democratic party has passed in in the interests of the people.

3. To name a single pledge made by the Democratic party which has been kept.

4. To name a single pledge made by Skinner to the people as their representative which he has failed to keep.

These challenges Mr. Small fails to answer. Mr Skinner attacks the Democratic party for its opposition to every measure that has been made in the interest of the people. He traces its history before the war, and ever since the war—shows how its sectionalism in the South has retarded prosperity and repelled immigration, and how its inordinat lust for power, has debauched public morals and prevented the honest use of the ballot. He shows that under the constitution enacted by the Republicans, we have so many salutary and just protections in all our rights: that for the first time there was a restriction placed on taxation, and the right of homestead was conferred on the poor an unfortunate, that the property of married women was first secured to them, and until then the laborer and mechanic had no right of lien for his wages. He shows how the right of local self-government was in that constitution first given to our people, and how the Democrats robbed them of it through the convention of 1895. He shows that imprisonment for debt was abolished and that the death penalty now attacks to only four crimes instead of twenty-four, under the rule of Democracy previous to 1898. All of these just measures were opposed by the Democratic party. He shows that the Populist party has been true to its pledges for free silver, and the Democratic party has been untrue; that the administration of the State and County governments has been honest and economical, and that extravagance, incompetence and dishonesty under Democratic administrations was the order of the machine and the rule of the boss.

Yellow Jaundice Cured.

Suffering humanity should be supplied with every means possible for its relief. It is with pleasure we publish the following: "This to certify that I was a terrible sufferer from Yellow Jaundice for over six months, and was treated by some of the best physicians in our city and all to no avail. Dr. Beef, our druggist recommended Electric Bitters, and after taking two bottles I was entirely cured. I now take pleasure in recommending them to any person suffering from this terrible malady I am gratefully yours, M. A. Hogaty Lexington, Ky." Sold by A. Wads worth, druggist.

Infamous Lies.

To-day in the year of grace 1898, the State is being flooded with Democratic cartoons showing white girls and white ladies subjecting themselves and their private apartments to the private inspection of a negro the ladies being represented as pupils or teachers in a State institution. A more villianous and vile slander was never perpetrated against the white women of North Carolina by any scoundrelly biped claiming to be a white man. Anyone with the least instinct of common decency knows that such a proceeding would not be submitted to by the white women of the State. They would unhesitatingly and with inexpressible indignation leave any institution on earth sooner than endure even the mere suggestion of such a procedure.

These cartoons, with the comments under them, attempt to leave the impression that the man is chairman of and controls the Board of Trustees of the State Institution for the Blind, and that in the capacity of "boss" and member of the Board he goes officially and alone through the private departments of the institution on visits of inspection. All this intended to fool the people—to deceive them—to make them believe that such proceedings are sanctioned by the present anti-Democratic administration. Well a meaner, baser, more contemptible falsehood and slander on white women was never spawned by the low-born sneaking cawardly defamer who invented it. No negro has ever been chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Institution, and there was no negro member of the Board when these cartoons were sent out. An organized liar will not stop lying simply because it cannot FIND something to lie about. It will invent something.

Valuable to Women.

Especially valuable to women is Browns' Iron Bitters. Backache vanishes, headache disappears, strength takes the place of weakness, and the glow of health readily comes to the pallid cheek when this wonderful remedy is taken. For sickly children or overworked men it has no equal. No home should be without this famous remedy. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

Insincere.

Col. Julian S. Carr and other prominent Democrats of Durham endorsed Jas E. Shepherd, colored, in the following words:

"We, the citizens of Durham, N. C., take pleasure in endorsing James E. Shepherd FOR ANY POSITION HE MAY BE ABLE TO OBTAIN. Mr. Shepherd has conducted himself in such a manner as to obtain the respect of the citizens of Durham, regardless of color. WE BELIEVE HIM WORTHY OF PUBLIC CONFIDENCE."

Col. Carr presided over the last Democratic State Convention, and is now a member of the Democratic State Executive Committee, the owner of a majority of the capital stock of the News and Observer, and has contributed largely to the campaign to destroy what he calls "negro domination," and the principal line of attack has been upon this same man Shepherd, by cartoons and vile epithets in the News and Observer. If Col. Carr and other Democrats of Durham weres incere in their endorsement of Shepherd, their attack now is insincere and for the purpose of arousing prejudices of the people of the State so as to get control of the Legislature.

Democratic Catechism Up to Date.

(With aplegy to Wesley.)

Question. Who made the Democratic party?

Answer. The "nigger."

Q. Where does the Democratic party live?

A. Almost entirely in States that have a large "nigger" population.

Q. Does the Democratic party love the "nigger?"

A. Yes, the Democratic party loves all "negroes."

Q. How has the Democratic party in North Carolin shown its love and appreciation of the "nigger?"

A. By refusing to allow "Pegler" Williams to take them out of the State.

Q. How has the Democratic party shown its love for the "nigger" in other ways.

A. By giving him office over white ladies, making him director on the board of Deaf, Dumb and Blind institutes, magistrates, road overseers over white men, etc.

Q. What is the cardinal principle of the Democratic party of North Carolina?

A. The "nigger."

Q. Has the Democratic party ever made a campaign in the State in which this cardinal principle was not the only one discussed?

A. Yes, one, the campaign of 1896. But that was a sore of a stray campaign and must not be repeated.

Q. How has the Democratic party of the State expressed its apology to the "nigger" for ignoring him in the campaign of 1896?

A. By doubling their attention to him in 1898.

Q. What is the matter with North Carolina now?

A. The "nigger."

Coughing

Constant coughing is very annoying and the continuous hacking and irritation will soon attack and injure the delicate lining of the throat and air passages. Take advice and use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in time. This wonderful remedy will cure you.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

Who?

When there was about to be a great exodus of negroes from North Carolina, a few years ago, Thomas J. Jarvis made a speech in Greenville, and begged them not to go.

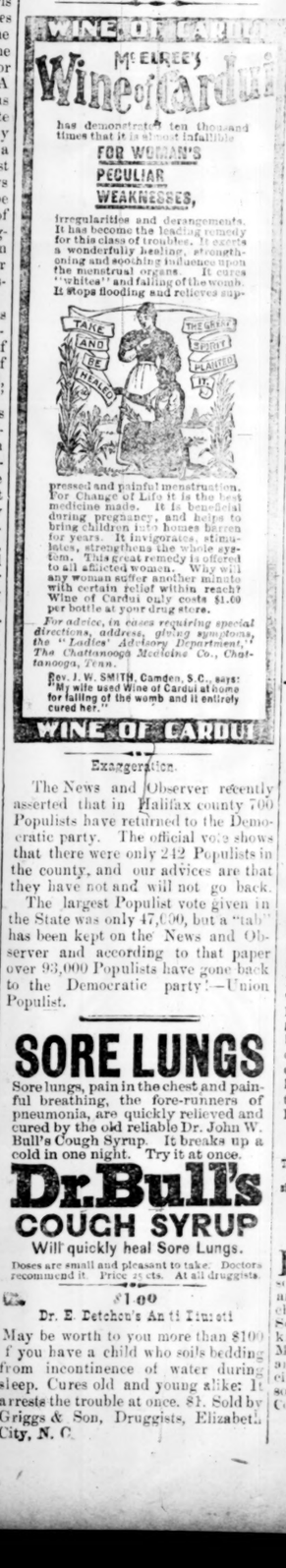
Who passed a law in the Legislature of this State, making it a crime, punishable by $500 to $5,000 fine and imprisonment to induce a negro to leave the State? The Democratic party of 1892.

Who disfranchised the illiterate poor white men and negroes in Mississippi? The Democratic party.

Who has disfranchised over 20,000 poor white men in South Carolina? The Democratic party.

Who has disfranchised thousands of poor white men in Louisiana? The Democratic party.

Who has disfranchised nearly all of the negroes in these States? The Democratic party.


WINE OF CARDUI
McELREE'S
Wine of Cardui
has demonstrated ten thousand times that it is almost infallible
FOR WOMAN'S PECULIAR WEAKNESSES,
irregularities and derangements. It has become the leading remedy for this class of troubles. It exerts a wonderfully healing, strengthening and soothing influence upon the menstrual organs. It cures "whites" and falling of the womb. It stops flooding and relieves suppressed and painful menstruation. For Change of Life it is the best medicine made. It is beneficial during pregnancy, and helps to bring children into homes barren for years. It invigorates, stimulates, strengthens the whole system. This great remedy is offered to all afflicted women. Why will any woman suffer another minute with certain relief within reach? Wine of Cardui only costs $1.00 per bottle at your drug store.
TAKE AND BE HEALED
THE GREAT SPIRIT PLANTED US
For advice, in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.
Rev. J. W. SMITH, Camden, S. C., says: "My wife used Wine of Cardui at home for falling of the womb and it entirely cured her."
WINE OF CARDUI

Exaggeration.

The News and Observer recently asserted that in Halifax county 700 Populists have returned to the Democratic party. The official vote shows that there were only 242 Populists in the county, and our advices are that they have not and will not go back.

The largest Populist vote given in the State was only 47,000, but a "tab" has been kept on the News and Observer and according to that paper over 93,000 Populists have gone back to the Democratic party?—Union Populist.

SORE LUNGS

Sore lungs, pain in the chest and painful breathing, the fore-runners of pneumonia, are quickly relieved and cured by the old reliable Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup. It breaks up a cold in one night. Try it at once.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Will quickly heal Sore Lungs.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

$1.00

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Tirusti

May be worth to you more than $100 if you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike: It arrests the trouble at once. $1. Sold by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C.

DON'T COST YOU A CENT!

HANDSOME!

BEAUTIFUL!

USEFUL!

ABSOLUTELY FREE

(TO SEE)

IT DON'T COST YOU A CENT TO call at our store, examine our goods and learn our prices. We are just in receipt of a NEW, STYLISH and UP-TO-DATE STOCK of Fall & Winter Goods. The stock of dollar goods all of you want, many beautiful articles that you have never seen before, and lots of useful things that you need. We have added a line of Shoes, and have just what you need. Come and see yourself or may be some of your neighbors. Respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. Prices in Dry Goods have recently increased and we have the LATEST STYLES at the Lowest prices. Call and see Cottons and Dress Goods. We call the attention of the ladies to our CAPES; prices from $2.50 to $5.00. When you want Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Ready-made Clothing of any kind, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Valises, Umbrellas, Oil Cloths, Oil and Table Cloth, Notions of all kinds or anything usually kept in a first-class Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods House.

J. A. Hooper & Co.,

THE LOW PRICE STORE,

NEXT DOOR TO MELICK'S.

FORESTALLED HIM.

The Chipper Youth Knew What Usually Happened In Such Cases.

The fresh young man with no respect in his soul for gray hairs and eyed whiskers swung himself on the car in the middle of a block, and leaning against the brake handle proceeded to roll a cigarette with great deftness. The fat man who despises the ways of the youth on general principles leaned against the window guards and watched the development of a cigarette.

"Got a match, neighbor?" inquired the fresh young man as he put the last finishing twist to his smoke.

"Young man"—began the fat man after a brief, elderly pause, calculated to greatly impress the cigarette smoker.

"Yes, I know all about"— interrupted the youth, "so you might as well choke your lecture on a bornin. I know cigarettes will kill me if I stick to 'em, but I don't care. It's an easy death. I know if I must smoke I should smoke cigars, but I don't like the color of 'em. I've got a touch of paresis now, and I'm due for more. I know you think of all the disgusting things in the world a cigarette is the worst.

"I know they undermine the constitution and are wrecking the rising generation. Now if I've forgotten anything you were going to say help me out. Come to think of it, I've got a match myself. If I keep on smoking these things, I won't be able to think at all before long. I know if you had a boy that smoked cigarettes you would lick him within an inch of his life. I nearly forgot you were going to say that. Where do you get off anyhow?"

"Here," gasped the fat man as he dropped off the platform, muttering something about what this country is coming to. And the fresh young man lighted his cigarette with a grin.—Washington Times.

A Fleshy Consumptive

Did you ever see one? Did you ever hear of one? Most certainly not. Consumption is a disease that invariably causes loss of flesh.

If you are light in weight, even if your cough is only a slight one, you should certainly take

Scott's Emulsion

of *cod liver oil with hypophosphites*. No remedy is such a perfect preventive to consumption. Just the moment your throat begins to weaken and you find you are losing flesh, you should begin to take it.

And no other remedy has cured so many cases of consumption. Unless you are far advanced with this disease, Scott's Emulsion will hold every inducement to you for a perfect cure.

All Druggists, 50c. and $1.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

Art of Making a Mustard Plaster.

To put on a mustard plaster is not at all difficult, but to do it in the best way requires some care and skill. In the first place, remember never to give a cold mustard plaster to a patient. To a weak or sensitive person the shock is often great. Either mix with very hot water, or, better still, have a plate put where it can get warm while you are mixing. Having everything ready at hand, mustard, flour and a spoonful of molasses, with a bit of old muslin or linen—an old handkerchief is the best thing for the purpose. Stir the mustard and flour together first, making the plaster stronger or weaker with mustard as you have been directed. Add the molasses and then the water until the smooth mass is about as thick as porridge or poultice. Spread your cloth on the warm plate, using the middle portion of the linen and leaving a margin on all sides, which is to be folded back at the edges. Put a second cloth over the whole, so that the mustard is entirely hid between the two covers and keep on the plate until it is necessary to apply the plaster.—Philadelphia Ledger.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought, is on every wrapper.

Election Notice

BE IT REMEMBERED that by virtue of section five of the Consolidated Election Law of 1895 as amended by session of 1897, I have changed the voting place of Pool's School House Precinct from what was known as "Pool's School House" to Mark Fletcher's Store in said precinct, and the voting place of Newland precinct from what was known as "Jackson's Store" to the hall at Mt. Carmel Colored Church in said precinct.

This Oct 18th, 1898.

J. P. OVERMAN,

Clerk Superior Court Pasquotank

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢

ALL DRUGGISTS

CANDY CATHARTIC

PURELY VEGETABLE

AHTISEPTIC LAXATIVE

LIVER STIMULANT

CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take Cascarets instead of nauseating liquids or cannonball pills.

CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral poison. They are made of the latest remedies discovered and are a scientific combination never before put together in any form.

CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they prevent fermentation in the stomach, prevent foul breath and kill disease germs of any kind that breed and feed on the body.

CASCARETS tone the stomach and bowels and stimulate the lazy liver, making it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into a vigorous, healthy condition, making their action easy and natural.

BOON FOR MOTHERS

PLEASE THE CHILDREN

CURE GUARANTEED

HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS

CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet eaten by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.

CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good and do good. Stop wheezing and cramps, and kill and drive off worms, and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.

CASCARETS, taken patiently, persistently, are guaranteed to cure every case of constipation, no matter how old and chronic, or from what cause. Your purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by your own druggist.

CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merit and put you on the right road to perfect and permanent health. Don't risk delay.

Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior. Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address

CCC The only genuine. Beware of imitations!

STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, MONTREAL, CAN.; NEW YORK. 233

NO-TO-BAC cures Tobacco Habit or money refunded. Makes weak men strong. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists. Get booklet.

WILLIS H. ROGERS.

Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER

106 FULTON MARKET.

New York

North Carolina Shad a Specialty. Stencils furnished at a moment's notice

Reference:—Guirkin & Co., Bankers Beth City, N. C, and other Financial uses when desired

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer

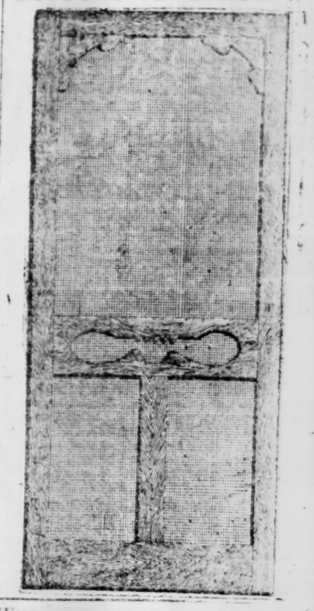
In Fresh Fish Lobsters, Etc., Etc.

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty. Agents.

Screens to Order.



SEND FOR DESCRIPTION AND PRICES TO

Kramer Bros & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

SHINGLES!

Machine dressed Cedar Shingles,

of all sizes, always in stock For sale at the mills of

East Coast Cedar Company,

Pennsylvania Ave.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

NG. Grandy & Co

BROKERS

Agents for Woldridge's High Class

FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co, Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N. C.

Notice of Administration.

Having qualified as Administratrix of the late C. S. Lynch, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement; and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

MRS. C. J. LYNCH,

Adm'x C. S. Lynch.

Aug. 19, 1898.

McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ AND 15¢

"THE STYLISH PATTERN." Artistic. Fashionable. Original. Perfect-Fitting. Prices 10 and 15 cents. None higher. None better at any price. Some reliable merchant sells them in nearly every city or town. Ask for them, or they can be had by mail from us in either New York or Chicago. Stamps taken. Latest Fashion Sheet sent upon receipt of one cent to pay postage.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50¢ A YEAR

Brightest ladies' magazine published. Invaluable for the home. Fashions of the day, Home Literature, Household Hints, Fancy Work, Current Topics, Fiction, all for only 50 cents a year, including a free pattern, your own selection any time. Send two 2-cent stamps for sample copy. Address

THE McCALL CO., 142-146 West 14th St., New York. 189 Fifth Ave., Chicago.

Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.
Ripans Tabules cure biliousness.
Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.
Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.
Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.

Notice in Divorce.

NORTH CAROLINA, Dare County.

MAGGIE MORTON vs. WILLIE MORTON

IT APPEARING TO THE COURT that a summons has been issued in this cause and returned by the Sheriff that the defendant cannot be found in the State, and this fact is made to appear by affidavit, it is ordered that summons be made by publication by publishing same in the "carolinian" for six weeks, commanding the said defendant to appear at the Fall Term of the Superior Court to be held for the County of Dare on the 2d day of November, 1898, and answer the complaint which will be plead the Court before that time.

Given at the Court House in said County, this 12th day of Sept. 1898.

J. J. BENNETT,

Clerk of the Superior Court

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment and Tea of every nature and cures. A never-failing Cure for Piles with the aid, or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death. Unnecessary! Why endure this terrible disease? We guarantee 6 boxes to cure any case. You only pay for benefits received. $1 a box, 6 for $5. Sent by mail, plain wrapper, with our guarantee issued by our agents.

CONSTIPATION Cured. Piles Prevented. By Japanese Liver Pellets the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 30 Doses 25 cents.

GUARANTEES issued only by

Ripans Tabules assist digestion.

Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.

Bicycles
Of
Known
Reputation
Only

are a safe investment for 1898. The rapid growth of the wheel industry has produced a multitude of makes and bad latter keep your hands off. Do not buy pretty paint at Bicycles. Beauty is only skin deep. What you want is material, and best quality.

HIGH GRADE
CARBON
DEMONSTRATION

and nine cases out of ten your choice will be a wheel of known reputation. We have on exhibition, and can show you one which reputation is the best the world over for strength, durability and easy running qualities. Call & examine. You will find

Hathaway Bros.

on the corner of Main and Water streets.

North Carolina

Iron Works

—AND—

Supply House.

Machine Shop & Foundry,

MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

Made and Repaired.

Steamboat & Mill Work a Specialty.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and general work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 16 to 48 inch Lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long.

We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Bey Kilm Wheels; also Standard Iron Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own Steam work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Packings, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packing, Lubricators, Steam Gauges, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Oils and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Trimmings.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting, Valves and Rubber Roofing Paint. We are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Supplies of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

For further information address,

J. H. PARTRIDGE,

Box 220. Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor, M. Meekins; Commissioners—Paleon Thomas A. Commander, J. A. Kramer, Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb; Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioner, A. B. Kramer;

Collector of Customs—Paleon John, Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. H. Hall, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden—on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, W. S. Vass, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor. Episcopal Whedbee Bolling: Preaching on 1st and 3d Sundays at 11 a. m., each Sunday, Sunday at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday at 7 p. m. U. F. Hunter, pastor.

Missionary Baptist Association, B. C. Krupp, pastor; Prayer House, every sunday morning and night.

Methodist—Methodist, P. B. Anderson, pastor; Mount Moriah, Z. B. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Wm. Cooper, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel,

Baptist—Antioch, Presbyterian, J. F. Smith, pastor,

LODGES.

Masonic—Eureka Lodge No. 317 Geo. W. Cobb, W. M.; Dr. J. H. Grigg, S. W.; Dr. A. J. Wilson, J. W.; R. B. Bradford, Treas.; D. B. Bradford, Sec.; E. F. Sawyer, Chaplain; J. A. Hooper, Marshal; E. J. Shepherd, Tiler. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Royal Arch—Cohoon Lodge No. 14; W. A. Jones, H. P.; R. B. Commander, V. G. H. C.; G. W. Dorsey, Treasurer; W. H. Ehringhaus, Secretary.

Royal Arcanum—Encampment No. 8; W. A. Jones, C. P.; R. B. Bradford, H. P.; D. M. Simons, S. W.; H. O. Ehringhaus, J. W.; W. Dorsey, Treas.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; Gaskin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor—R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Vann, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Sawyer, Treasurer; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meet 2d and 4th Friday.

Knights of Pythias—Temple No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanderlin, Worthy Anderson, Sachem; R. C. Laney, Senior Father Huddaman, C. of R. & S.; H. W. Sawyer, K. of W. Meet 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners, R. C. Kramer, chairman, F. M. Simons, W. J. Williams. Standard Keeper, A. Gaskin. Health Officer, Dr. Josiah Fearing. Auditor, J. M. Meekins.

Register of Deeds, Thomas F. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, Thomas F. Wilcox; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Supervisor of Public Roads, Board of Education, John D. Toy, Newton A. Jones and John T. Davis.

SCHOOLS.

Graded School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Normal Industrial Institute, N. L. Sharp, Principal.
Public Schools, N. Tillett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

E. F. MARTIN, D. D. S.,
Elizabeth City, N. C.,
offers his professional services to the public in all the branches of DENTISTRY. Can be found at all times.

ISAAC M. MEEKINS,
Attorney-at-Law.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
Practice in the District and Federal Courts. Collections promptly made.

B. G. CRISP,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Manteo, N. C.
Practices in all the Courts. Collections a specialty.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.
This well established Hotel offers first-class accommodations to travelers.
FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.
Terms Reasonable.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, October 26, 1898.

Be true.

Maintain your manhood.

Stand by your convictions.

Pasquotank will be all right.

If you have not registered, do not fail to do so on Saturday.

I. M. Meekins will speak at the Court House Monday night, November 7th.

Messrs. Krause Bros. of Elizabeth City, have made and presented a very handsome pulpit to the new Baptist Church at Moyock.

At the United States Court here last week Asst. Doorkeeper, Tate Sigsbee, of Elizabeth City, who was indicted for forging two government checks, was honorably acquitted.

The Grand Jury at the Federal Court last week, at the suggestion of Judge Purnell, recommended and urged the necessity of a Public Building at Elizabeth City. The time has come when, with proper efforts, this can be obtained.

We understand that Friend Elihu claims the paternity of the new title Tom Skinner publicly conferred upon us in his late speech here. Really, they are giving us credit for more influence than we have ever claimed. They are "doing us proud."

Capital stock of $25,000 has been subscribed for a new Bank here and the following Board of Directors elected: T. G. Skinner, O. B. McMullen, M. N. Sawyer, J. B. Sharber, E. M. M. Grice and C. E. Kramer. It is to be governed by the laws of the State and will be known as "The Citizen's Bank."

The criticism of the City Commissioners by the local correspondent of the "Landmark" is unjust. Upon beginning the work notice was served upon them by one of the property owners that he would bring suit for $1,000 damages, and learning that several others would likewise sue, the Commissioners did not feel justified in risking the expense of defending a number of suits. They are ready and willing to proceed with the work as soon as the property holders agree to accept the damages awarded by the jury.

During an interview with Judge Purnell last week, he remarked that he was surprized that no movement had been made to have the United States Court here changed from a "District" to a Circuit Court. It would save the trouble and expense of taking cases from this section not tryable in the District Court to Raleigh. He said he was satisfied that a proper application made to Congress would secure the passage of a bill making the change. By all means let it be done.

There are people who are so bitter and narrow minded as to think it the duty of a political editor to belittle and abuse the candidates of the opposite party. We don't agree with them, and we never do it. The Democratic nominees of this county are, personally, all right, but *politically* they are ALL WRONG, and it is on this ground that we oppose them.

J. Bush Leigh, late of Tyrrell, the nominee for Representative, is a clever gentleman and a good lawyer, but he is a "wool-dyed" Democrat and a bitter partisan, and every Republican knows what that means. N. G. Grandy, late of Camden, is a good and honorable citizen, but he is a "pizen" Democrat, and that settles him. So with the others—good men but all "tarred with the same stick."

The Republican nominees of Pasquotank are men of good character and fair ability. Hugh Cale, the nominee for Representative, has already served four terms, and at each won the respect and confidence of his fellow members of both parties. His experience has familiarized him with legislative work and he will go back the fifth time better fitted for the duties required. William H. Keaton, the nominee for Sheriff, is a man of irreproachable character, understands practical business and is honest to the core. If elected, and he will be, the office of Sheriff will be properly conducted. Of J. P. Overman, the nominee for Superior Court Clerk, and M. B. Culpepper, nominee for Register of Deeds, no words of eulogy or commendation are needed. The County has never had better, more competent, more faithful or more popular officers than they have been. So of John S. Morris, the nominee for Treasurer. Everybody knows him and all have confidence in him. As to the nominees for County Commissioners, John A. Hooper is a model commissioner, culture and gentleman who in brains, will rank with any business ability of the Democratic nominees. Two of the others, I. J. Winslow, we frankly confess that we know very little about him.

Guard the registration books. Attempts may be made to steal them.

J. L. Whedbee has withdrawn from the Congressional race. Sensible at last.

I. M. Meekins made a splendid canvas last week in Hyde. A correspondent writes: "He did big work."

The reports from the District are encouraging. Republicans and Populists are falling in line to "beat the Democrats."

One of Vandecar's Shuck storage houses at Moyock was destroyed by fire on the 19th. It contained 1,000 bales of shucks. Loss covered by insurance.

The Legislature of 1876-77 was Democratic. Then the Magistrates were appointed by the Legislature. Among those appointed were 1227 negroes.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

On Monday night Mr. Williams Williams, of Newland, died very suddenly. During the day he had been in town on business.

Harry Skinner is making a successful canvas. His position is impregnable and his arraignment of the Democracy is scathing. Read the communication "Harry Skinner on the Stump," in another column.

Dr. George W. Alexander, the Republican nominee for Senator, had made arrangements to visit the several counties of the District but has been prevented by an attack of sickness which has confined him to his room.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In an envelope wrapper.

The right price on Dress Goods at Fowler & Co.'s

NOTICE TO FISHERMEN:—For Nets and Twines, see Fowler & Co.

Table Linen and Towels without any extra tariff on them at Fowler & Company's.

Hugh Cale has represented Pasquotank four times in the Legislature. The first time he ran he defeated R. K. Speed; the second time Caler Perry; the third time F. M. Godfrey, and the last time J. M. Weeks. This time he will defeat J. Bush Lee.

The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

Fowler & Co. are closing out small lots of Shoes for Misses, Ladies and Men at about half price, to clear up their stock.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

If you are going to buy a Parasol or Umbrella, it will pay you to examine Fowler & Co.'s before buying

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Is on every wrapper.

It is passing strange that any white man should be afraid of a negro! The negro couldn't rule in this State if he would, and he wouldn't if he could. But being a voter and a taxpayer, he simply asks some recognition. But it isn't any fear of the negro that is prompting the gang that is howling "nigger." Not at all. It is simply to so alarm the people as to place them back in power and office.

On Wednesday last the Banking House of Guirkin & Co., closed its doors, making an assignment to James C. Brooks. The Bank was established some twenty-five years ago by Charles Guirkin and George W. Cobb. Mr. Guirkin died about two years ago, since which time Mr. Cobb has been owner and manager. The assignment includes the business of the Bank, the Elizabeth City & Norfolk Telegraph Company, and the entire real and personal property of Mr. Cobb. His leniency, kind-hearted indulgence and inability to make collections was the cause of the failure. It is believed that the assets will fully cover liabilities.

Elizabeth City is under Republican control and management, and has been for more than three years. During that time it has made greater material progress than in any period of its history. Its finances have been economically managed, good order has been maintained, and improvements are continually going on. It is divided into five Wards. In four of them the negroes could elect Commissioners, and they have been urged to do so by the Democrats, but they have not done so—they have elected white men in them all.

A Sure Thing for You.
A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.

The ceremony of presenting a Flag and Bible to the Public School by the Jr. O. U. A. M., Bagley Council, took place at the School Building yesterday afternoon. The presentation speech was made by Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, former Pastor of the Baptist Church here, and the response was made by J. Bush Leigh esq. Rev. Mr. Thomas delivered an address to the Order at the Court House last night.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 6:16 and will set to-night at 5:11.—Was there ever anything in life just as you expected it to be?—Mr. Cam Melick has returned from his annual Fall business trip to Philadelphia and New York.—"When I get angry there is no power on earth can stop me," said a certain townsman. "From making a fool of yourself?" said a bystander.—Mrs. C. W. Grandy and daughter, Mrs. M. R. Griffin, are off on a visit to Washington City.—In life, as in chess, forethought wins.—Mrs. Harry West, of Cornland, Va., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Judge Brooks, in South Road street.—Wise is the famous man who doesn't overwork his popularity.—Mr. John L. Walker and Miss Emily Cromwell, of Norfolk, were united in wedlock at the Methodist Parsonage on the 18th inst.—In idleness there is perpetual despair:—

The Bourbons now declare
That victory is "in the air."
And yet in practice it is found
They're deftly working underground.

—The only way to have a friend is to be one.—Mrs. W. H. Zoeller, who has been on the sick list, is up and out again.—The Cynic says that but few women have time to look like their portaits.—Mrs. Flynn, mother of Mrs. G. H. Bailey died at her daughter's residence in the First Ward on the 18th inst., aged 80 years. Her remains were taken to Pantego, her former home, for interment.—The present is the child of the past and the parent of the future.—Mrs. S. D. Grice, who has for some time resided in Norfolk, has returned to Elizabeth City.—To the query who is it that speaks but one language yet is familiar with many tongues, the answer is, the doctor.—The speeches of Messrs. Dockery, Spears and Bernard here last week did much good in unifying the party here.—Some people spend much of their time in nursing animosity.—

"Shot through the heart was a Private
The path was steep and narrow,"
Nay, reader, do not shed a tear,
The shot was Cupid's arrow.

—The steamer Plymouth, plying between Edenton and Williamston, is on Scotts Marine Ways for repairs.—The man who gets a black eye generally earns it.—Mr. Almond Spence, who joined the Navy and has been at Cuba and Porto Rico in the United States war vessels, has been honorably discharged and returned home.—If a man is ignorant it is impossible to defeat him in an argument.—Miss Lulu Heath, of the First Ward, is off on a visit to her sister at Snow Hill, Md.—Don't try to say things when you have nothing to say.—The steamer May Flower, of Edenton, is at Willey's Ship Yard being repaired and repainted.—"My father is a doctor. What does your father do?" inquired a little girl of her companion. "Whatever mother tells him," was the reply.—Mr. George E. Sanborne, of Snowden, called on Thursday and paid his respects.—Don't borrow trouble for the purpose of lending it to others.—We acknowledge a very pleasant and satisfactory call the other day from F. H. Nicholson, the Republican nominee for Representative of Perquimans. He is an intelligent young man and impressed us favorably. Of course he will be elected.—Proud indeed may feel the "son of toil" to whom these lines apply:

His brow is wet with honest sweat,
He earns what e'er he can,
He looks the whole world in the face,
For he owes not any man.

—It is suggested that women probably talk most because men are too polite to interrupt them.—President Sheep, of the Collegiate Institute, informs us that the number of students at this session is the largest in the history of the Institute. This is encouraging.—We had a call on Saturday from Mr. Henry S. Simmons, of Coinjock. He is a prominent Populist. On comparing views we substantially agreed upon the main issues in this campaign. He, with us, believes that Populists and Republicans should unite to insure the defeat of the Democrats.—Fortune does not change men; it only unmasks them.—Saith the Versifier:

The political pot is getting very hot,
The Dems are fanning hate and
passion to white heat.
It is the *people's* fight, who feel that
they are right,
United, they are marching on—will
not retreat.

—Miss Ella Kramer has returned from a several months' visit to relatives and friends in Pennsylvania.—Mr. Charles A. Banks has withdrawn as an independant candidate for Sheriff, and says that he will support the entire Republican ticket.—Mr. and Mrs. Craig, of Clarion, Pa., are here on a visit to the family of Mr. D. S. Kramer.—Under the skilful treatment of Dr. W. H. Morris the sick horse of the Corporation has been cured. It was a severe and dangerous case of pneumonia.—Rev. L. L. Williams has returned from the Episcopal Convention at Washington, D. C.—Mrs. D. D. Raper, of Edenton, is visiting friends in the city.—E. C. Hooper, of Little Kennekeet, called yesterday and paid his respects.—Mr. and Mrs. Paul Bungarden, have located here to make Elizabeth City their home.—Mr. P. E. Shaw, one of our candidates for the Senate, called yesterday. He brings a good report. He speaks at Old Trap to-day.—Prof. Brown spoke here last night. Sickness prevented him from being at Edenton and Hertford.—There will be a Gospel Temperance meeting in the M. E. Church Sunday, the 30th, at 3:30 o'clock. Address by Rev. J. H. Hall.—Another delay in receiving the paper again makes our issue a little late.

Discovered by a Woman.

Another great discovery has been made, and that too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly, and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery, by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first doses that she slept all night; and with two bottles has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus writes W. C. Hamnick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at A. Wadsworth's drug store. Regular size 50c and $1. Every bottle guaranteed.

Satan as a Landlord.

There is only one spot on the earth's surface that has actually been willed, deeded and bequeathed to his satanic majesty. This spot lies 4½ miles south of Helsingfors, Finland.

A few years ago Lara Huilariene died in the little town of Pielisjarvi, in the above named country, leaving considerable property in the shape of landed estate. How he had come into possession of so much land no one seemed to know, but as he was a very bad citizen it was generally admitted that he was in league with wintahausu (satan) and that they had many business deals with each other.

This somewhat startling opinion was verified when old Huilariene found a certified warranty deed which deeded to satan all his earthly possessions.

The will was to the same effect. The family have repeatedly tried to break the will, but so far, has been unsuccessful. Thus the records plainly show that his sulphuric majesty has a legal right and title to some excellent grounds in the near vicinity of Helsingfors.

The simple people of the neighborhood have changed the course of the road which formerly skirted the Huilariene homestead and declare that they would not enter the possessions of Satan & Co. for all the money that the three estates would bring.—Pearson's Weekly

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A LADY TEACHER WANTED.

A lady Teacher wanted in a private family to teach Music. Address,
MRS. D. M. PUGH,
Rodanthe, N. C.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidney and back, in male or female. Relieves retention almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. For sale by Griggs & Son, Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C

NATURE'S REMEDY

For the cure of all chronic and acute diseases—a life giving principle, free from all drugs—Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Consumption, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Nervous Frostration and General Debility cured by inhaling

Compound Oxygen.

Our home treatment, which consists two months supply of Compound Oxygen, inhaling apparatus; full directions sent to any part of the country. This includes medical advice during treatment. Pamphlet with advice to the sick, home treatment and testimonials free.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN,
1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., San Francisco, Cal., Toronto, Can.

The North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced Specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate. For catalogue address PRES. A. Q. HOLLADAY, Raleigh, N. C.

Admistration Notice.

HAVING qualified as Executors of the late Charlotte A. Whitcomb I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate payment and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

T. T. WHITCOMB.
Executor of Charlotte A. Whitcomb.
July 12, 1898.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Don't fail to register.

Dossey Skinner returned Saturday from a business trip to Edenton.

J. H. Moore, of Pittsburg, Pa., has been holding a series of concerts in the city this week.

Rev. C. H. Fields, who has been North for several months, returned home last week.

Mrs. E. H. Badham, of Edenton, visited friends in the city last week.

The entertainment for the benefit of missions held at the home of Mrs. P. R. Anderson last Friday evening was fairly successful.

Mrs. Fannie Cale, who has been undergoing medical treatment in Philadelphia for several weeks, has returned home.

Rev. P. R. Anderson left Saturday for his former home in Pittsburg, Pa., in response to a telegram announcing the severe illness of his son.

Rev. Berry will baptize several persons at the usual place on Sunday afternoon.

If you have not registered don't fail to do so on Saturday, which is the last day for registeration. If you do not register you cannot vote, and your vote may mean much to you and to others.

Lewis Munden formerly of this place but who has been North for several years has been spending several days with his parents on Martin street.

Mrs. Emma Lamb, of Portsmouth, is spending a short while with friends in our town.

C. M. Midgett has closed a successful school term at Manteo and has returned home.

The Baptist Association held near here last week was very largely attended by churchmen and others. From reports education and general church work are receiving special and increasing attention which argures well for the progress of the race. Our Camden friends fully sustained their good name in providing for those in attendance.

W. W. Parker, a graduate of the Elizabeth City State Normal School, class '96, has been appointed Principal of the Public School here. Mr. Parker's scholarly attainments and practical experience in the school room eminently fit him for the duties of the position to which he has been called.

Prof. C. S. Brown, of Winton, spoke in the Public School House last night. His address was a good one, touching upon political issues, and enlivened throughout with wit and humor which seemed to be natural characteristics of the speaker.

The Methodist District Conference held here last week was well attended and harmoniously conducted. Among those attending we had the pleasure of seeing Revs. Hawkins, Dix, Pettigrew, Pindle, Winfield, Profs. R. H. Riddick and W. W. Blair, all of Edenton, and Rev. Clayton, of Plymouth.

The State Normal School Lyceum for the present session was organized on Friday evening with G. R. Whitfield president. The management extends a cordial invitation to the public to attend its sessions beginning on Friday evening next, and will endeavor, as in the past, to make it's work as entertaining and elevating as possible.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Located in a beautiful and healthful part of the town. The town is one of the most progressive in the State. The purpose of the School is the educating and training of teachers for the Colored Race. Special attention is given to MORAL CHARACTER, WHICH IS BACKED BY and GOOD MANNERS. We endeavor to give students a thorough knowledge of the Common School branches of learning. Besides the regular four-year course, offers a special Professional course of one year. Excellent Model and Training School for observation and practice. Students required to teach one or six months of each year in the Model School, under close supervision, before graduation. Limited number of children from six to thirteen years of age will be admitted to Model School. Application to Model School should be made by September 1, 1898. Tuition is Free. Expenses of living moderate. Teachers efficient and kind. Seventh Annual Session opens Monday, September 12, 1898. For catalogue and information address

H. W. MOORE, A. M., Principal

2 LARGE STORES
and UNDER 1
LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.
Ripans Tabules cure indigestion.
Ripans Tabules cure constipation.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and take our stand on the fact that while the quality is way up and the prices defy competition. Nothing cheap or shoddy in our goods, because by

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Canned Goods, Supply of Flours, Canned Meats and Fancy Groceries and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can supply you from cellar to roof on short notice. Long experience and practical knowledge of the trade, is taught us a thing or two and we are ready to serve you. Our

Wholesale Department,

is now in full swing. Call and see us for other and more prices you will find it to your interest to deal with us. Our stock is complete and we have the prices to suit you.

W. J. Woodley, No. 118 and 120 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co.'s.

Hosiery.

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualities at Fowler & Co.'s.

Clothing.

Fowler & Co. are offering special Bargains in clothings. Some heavy weight ox Ws for Country will be sold for about half their value.

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar for Medicine until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons.

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

TRADE RIPANS MARK

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington. Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

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MONEY

TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Ripans Tabules.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.
Ripans Tabules: at druggists.

The Most Common of All.

The most common of all ailments from sports of all kinds are sprains and bruises. The most common and surest cure of them is by the use of St. Jacobs Oil, which is prompt in its action.

There are nearly 3000 animals in the Zoological Gardens of England.

DEAR EDITOR:—If you know of a solicitor or canvasser in your city or elsewhere, especially a man who has solicited for subscriptions, insurance, nursery stock, books or tailoring, or a man who can sell goods, you will confer a favor by telling him to correspond with us; or if you will insert this notice in your paper and such parties will cut this notice out and mail to us, we may be able to furn sh them a good position in their own and adjoining counties. Address
AMERICAN WOOLEN MILLS CO., Chicago.

Rice is the staple food of the Philippines.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

There are 525 Baptist churches in Indiana.

To Cure A Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

One-sixth of the inhabitants of France have bank accounts.

Dr. Seth Arnold's Cough Killer is a wonderful medicine for Weak Lungs.—IDA BARROWS, Deer Grove, Ill., March 21, 1898

The screw of an Atlantic liner costs about $20,000.

Five Cents.

Everybody knows that Dobbins' Electric Soap is the best in the world, and for 33 years it has sold at the highest price. Its price is now 5 cents, same as common brown soap. Bars full size and quality. Order of grocer. *Ade*

An orange tree will bear fruit until it is 150 years old.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

Children as chimney sweeps are still to be seen in Charleston, S. C.

I use Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.—Dr. G. W. PATTERSON, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 5, 1894.

The railways of the world carry over 40,000,000 passengers weekly.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Mississippi has a postoffice officially named Yellow Rabbit.

The Fall

With its sudden changes, its hot days and chilly nights, dampness and decaying vegetation, is peculiarly trying to the health. A good Fall Medicine is as important and beneficial as Spring Medicine. Hood's Sarsaparilla keeps the blood pure, wards off malaria, creates a good appetite, gives refreshing sleep, and maintains the health tone through this trying season.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

Hawks and Grasshoppers.

During the past few weeks sportsmen in the vicinity of Clayton, New Mexico, have been enjoying a novel recreation. About a month ago grasshoppers made their appearance in the vegas, and soon became so thick as to threaten utter destruction of the grass. A few weeks ago, however, hawks of the common chicken hawk variety began coming in great flocks, and in a short time literally covered the country, living solely on grasshoppers, as a result of which the latter soon disappeared. Then the hawks became a nuisance, and turned their destructive talents to chickens, quail, etc. Hunting parties were organized and began killing hawks. Hawks were so numerous that the poorest marksman could easily kill several dozen in a few hours. After thousands of the hawks had been killed they abandoned the country more suddenly than they appeared.—Salt Lake Herald.

A scion of the Charter Oak is growing in Cleveland, O. It was raised from an acorn taken from the celebrated oak at Hartford, Conn., before its destruction, and is now in thriving condition.

MRS. LUCY GOODWIN

Suffered four years with female troubles. She now writes to Mrs. Pinkham of her complete recovery. Read her letter:

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish you to publish what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Sanative Wash and Liver Pills have done for me.

I suffered for four years with womb trouble. My doctor said I had falling of the womb. I also suffered with nervous prostration, faint, all-gone feelings, palpitation of the heart, bearing-down sensation and painful menstruation. I could not stand but a few minutes at a time.

When I commenced taking your medicine I could not sit up half a day, but before I had used half a bottle I was up and helped about my work.

I have taken three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and used one package of Sanative Wash, and am cured of all my troubles. I feel like a new woman. I can do all kinds of housework and feel stronger than I ever did in my life. I now weigh 131½ pounds. Before using your medicine I weighed only 108 pounds.

Surely it is the grandest medicine for weak woman that ever was, and my advice to all who are suffering from any female trouble is to try it at once and be well. Your medicine has proven a blessing to me, and I cannot praise it enough.—Mrs. LUCY GOODWIN, Holly, W. Va.

PIMPLES

"My wife had pimples on her face, but she has been taking CASCARETS and they have all disappeared. I had been troubled with constipation for some time, but after taking the first Cascaret I have had no trouble with this ailment. We cannot speak too highly of Cascarets." FRED WAHTMAN,
5708 Germantown Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 314

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

SULTAN GREETS KAISER.

Emperor William Reaches Constantinople and is Royally Welcomed.

TURKS WEAR GERMAN COLORS.

The Sultan Cordially Greets His Royal Visitors—He Escorts the Empress to a Carriage—The Royal Party Witness a Parade of Troops—Emperor William and His Suit Go Sightseeing.

CONSTANTINOPLE (By Cable).—Emperor William of Germany and Empress Augusta Victoria with their suites landed here from the imperial yacht Hohenzollern. There was much ceremony attendant upon the reception of the imperial visitors.

The longboat of the Hohenzollern containing the Emperor and Empress threaded its course from the yacht amid hundreds of caiques, launches and other boats filled with sightseers to the landing stage at the Dolma Baghtche Palace, where the Sultan, surrounded by his ministers and military officers in gorgeous uniforms awaited its coming.

When the longboat reached the landing stage the Sultan cordially greeted Emperor William, with whom he shook hands. He then gave his arm to the Empress and escorted her to a pavilion, being followed by the Emperor, the Grand Vizier, and other officials.

The Sultan led the Empress to a carriage drawn by four horses. They entered the carriage, the Empress sitting at the right hand of the Sultan, and drove to the Yildiz Kiosk. The Emperor and Grand Vizier followed in another carriage.

There was an immense parade of troops, all attired in new uniforms. A company of Albanian infantry was conspicuous by its uniforms of white, with black facings and red waistbands, a specially designed combination of the German colors. The crowds were enormous and the enthusiasm great.

In the afternoon Emperor William received a deputation of Swiss residents. Replying to an address presented to him by them, His Majesty declared that his policy regarding Turkey was identical with that of his grandfather, which was now bearing fruit.

The excellent relations between the Sultan and himself showed how two Emperors, despite differences of race and creed, could remain on terms of friendship for their mutual advancement.

Subsequently their Majesties visited the German school. The Sultan has conferred the Grand Cross of the Osmanieh upon Herr von Buelow, the German Foreign Secretary, who accompanies Emperor William.

Emperor William, usually accompanied by the Empress, has engaged in a ceaseless round of sight-seeing, though he adhered closely to the programme of places to be visited, and his route was revealed only to those personally concerned and immediately beforehand. The strictest police precautions were carried out to insure his safety.

On Thursday he decided to inspect the imperial carpet factory at Hereka and was conveyed there in a train of eight carriages built for the occasion and luxriously equipped. All the stations had been repaired and decorated. At Hereka is a kiosk especially built for the use of the Empress, where their Majesties lunched, after which they returned to Constantinople by water.

Emperor William and the Sultan again exchanged telegraphic felicitations. Everywhere were great crowds, triumphal arches festooned with German and Turkish colors, and bands playing the German anthem.

A PITTSBURG BANK SUSPENDS.

The German National Carried Down by the Failure of a Big Tannery Concern.

PITTSBURG, Penn. (Special).—The German National Bank, one of the biggest financial institutions in the city, closed its doors a few days ago. The directors gave notice that the bank would not open and would go into voluntary liquidation and would pay all depositors. The failure of A. Groetzinger & Sons, tanners, precipitated the crash.

It was reported that A. Groetzinger, who was President of the bank, had overdrawn his account $115,000, and has notes in the bank aggregating $160,000. O. C. Bergdorf, the cashier, who was discharged four weeks ago, owes the bank, it is said, $400,000. The deposits aggregate $2,000,000.

SEWER GAS KILLS CHILDREN.

A Sewer Pipe Tapped and an Epidemic of Diphtheria Followed.

SCRANTON, Penn. (Special).—Within two weeks twenty-five children, pupils in Public School 28 died of what was believed to be diphtheria. Investigation shows that a sewer pipe leading into the building had been tapped. The sewer gas which accumulated at night was fanned into the classrooms through the cold air pipes during the day. The school authorities threaten to bring criminal charges against a man who is suspected of having tapped the pipe.

Killed Two and Himself.

William H. Branton, a grocer, of Youngstown, Ohio, shot Constable Jenkins and then Mrs. Branton and closed the chapter by killing himself with the last bullet in his revolver. The Brantons have been married only eight months. Recently Mrs. Branton left her husband on account of ill treatment. She went back with Constable Jenkins, who had a writ of replevin to remove her clothing. While the constable, Mrs. Branton and her husband were upstairs, shots were heard, and when policemen entered the room, all three were dead on the floor.

Queen Wilhelmina's Engagement.

The engagement of Queen Wilhelmina of Holland to Prince William of Wied is shortly to be officially announced. Prince William is the elder son of Prince William Adolphus of Wied by his marriage with the Princess Marie of Holstand. He was born on June 27, 1872. He is a lieutenant in the Third Uhlan Regiment of the Prussian Guard. The announcement has been received with great satisfaction throughout Holland.

Americans Buy Cuban Iron Mines.

An American syndicate, representing Detroit capital, has purchased a large tract of land at Manzanillo, Cuba, where are several good iron mines. An agent of the syndicate is now there.

To Prevent Importation of Leprosy.

The California State Board of Health appointed Dr. C. A. Ruggles, President of the Board, to visit the Hawaiian Islands, to learn the extent of leprosy there and to report measures to prevent the introduction of it into California.

Yellow Fever in Ohio.

Secretary Probst, of the Ohio State Board of Health, went to Portage County and investigated a case of yellow fever. The victim is Miss Blanche Beck, a school teacher, who recently fled from the fever district of Mississippi.

Prominent People.

General Shafter lost more than fifty pounds of flesh in Cuba.

Blanche Willis Howard von Feufel, the American author, died at Munich, Bavaria.

Algernon Charles Swinburne, the English poet, is an ardent supporter of Anglo-Saxon alliance.

General Maximo Gomez, the Cuban, has grown a beard, which he now wears in the style of Napoleon III.

Much of ex-Secretary John Sherman's wealth was made by fortunate investments in Washington real estate.

Admiral Gerald R. Uctred Noel, the officer second in command of the British Mediterranean squadron, is fifty-three years of age.

The Empress Dowager of China is sixty-four years of age. Her title runs as follows: "Tzu-hsi-tuan-yu-Kang-i-shao-yu chuang - cheng - shoukung - chin - hstenchang-hsi."

Norman B. Ream, the Chicago business man, who was prominent in the late Baltimore and Ohio deal, is a Pennsylvanian and began life as a school teacher in New York State at $17 a month.

Edmund Rostand, the young author of "Cyrano de Bergerac," has not had to serve the usual literary apprenticeship in disappointment and poverty. His first work was a success and he was born rich.

M. Paul Cambon, the new French Ambassador to London, is a man of classical education and taste. He used to be one of the best amateur actors in Paris.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

Lieutenant-Colonel John H. Patterson and Lieutenant-Colonel Henry B. Freeman will become Colonels by the advancement of Colonels Kent and Henry to be Brigadier-Generals.

United States Consul McCook in a report to the State Department sent early in the fall says that the prices of supplies at Dawson City, Klondike, are going down, but that hotel accommodation is very expensive, costing $6.50 per night for a room with a bed of straw and $12 per day for board.

A plan of tariff charges for Cuba has been practically completed by Robert P. Porter, who studied the question in the island. The customs duties will be assessed and collected by military officers.

The following cable has been sent to General Brooke at San Juan, Porto Rico: "Yourself and your associates of the commission have my sincere congratulations. William McKinley."

Lieutenant-Colonel Rush Huidekoper, of New York, who was chief surgeon at Camp Thomas, Chickamauga, has been honorably discharged from the volunteer service. His administration of medical affairs in the camp was severely criticised, especially since his practice of recent years had been entirely as a veterinarian.

Bishops in the Protestant Episcopal Convention reversed their action in amending the canon of marriage and divorce, and the Church's law on the subject will remain unchanged.

The Treasury Bureau of Statistics reported that the exports for the nine months ending September 30, 1898, exceeded by more than $100,000,000 any similar period in the country's history.

American vessels trading between this country and Porto Rico and engaged in the coasting trade of the island were exempted from tonnage taxes by an order issued by the War Department.

The United States Consul at San Juan del Norte has transmitted to the State Department a copy of a proclamation by the President of Nicaragua granting unconditional amnesty to all Nicaraguans proscribed on account of their participation in the conspiracy of February 8 and the rebellions of September 17, 1897, and February 5, 1898.

Domestic.

Alvie Kitchen, the provost guard who shot and killed Private Edward Nygen, of the Twelfth New York Volunteers at Lexington, Ky., will be tried by a general court-martial. The court will be composed of regular army officers.

The second trial of United States Senator Kenny in the Dover (Del.) Bank case will begin on December 5.

Arbitrators have decided that the Canadian Pacific Railway is not entitled to a differential on rates between San Francisco and Eastern points.

The two-story brick stable of William H. Cornett, a sand dealer of New York City, was badly damaged by fire and thirty-four horses were burned to death.

Patrick Keegan, of San Francisco, Cal., who a dozen years ago was known to the sporting fraternity as "Patsy Hogan," pugilist and gambler, shot his wife five times and then stabbed himself. The woman is dead, but Keegan will recover.

Ernest L. Ranney was shot in Jersey City, N. J., by Grant O'Brien, who mistook Ranney for Edward C. Quackenbush, whom he accused of alienating his wife's affections.

The transport Michigan arrived at the Port of New York, a few days ago from Santiago, Cuba, bearing Colonel Wikoff's body. General Lawton was on board.

William F. Murray killed his insane wife and himself at Oak Grove, Mich.

Mrs. William Eachman died at Siegfrieds, Penn., from injuries inflicted by burglars a few days ago. She was alone at home when three men entered the house. They beat her on the head, causing concussion of the brain from which she died.

In its preliminary trial of three-quarters of an hour at Portland, Oregon, under the supervision of the Naval Board the torpedo boat Davis averaged a speed of twenty-four knots, which adds one and a half more than the speed required.

A severe snowstorm, of a blizzard character, prevailed in the Middle West, causing considerable damage and much suffering.

It was stated that San Francisco shippers expect the United States Government to settle Canadian sealers' claims by buying the Canadian sealing fleet.

The transport Senator, with 800 troops on board, sailed from San Francisco for Manila, Philippine Islands, a few days ago.

Private Michael Holmes, of the 201st New York, accidently fell into the canal at Camp Meade, Middletown, Penn., and was drowned.

Myron D. Barrus, of Fairhaven, Vt., a wealthy farmer, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. He had become despondent over financial matters. He was sixty-five years of age, and had been a member of the Vermont Legislature.

While crossing the Wheeling and Lake Erie tracks at Irondale, Ohio, Frank Sass and William Schocht, of Toledo, were killed.

Edward J. Henley, the actor, died at Lake Placid, in the Adirondacks, N. Y.

Judge Depue, in the Essex County Court, N. J., sentenced Charles A. Hallum, of West Orange, to five years in State prison, he having been convicted of manslaughter for shooting and killing Edward Magee, in Orange, on June 25.

Burglars broke into the office of the Consolidated Milling and Hardwood Company at Minneapolis, Minn., and after breaking open a safe escaped with $56,000 worth of United States bonds of the recent issue.

The barge Churchill, loaded with ore, in tow of the Majestic, from Duluth, Minn., sank in the south water off Waukeman, Ill. Captain Patrick Kane, of Detroit, and Deckhand John Hensen were drowned. The barge was valued at $10,000.

James W. Clendenin, a millionaire coal merchant and business man of New York City, was knocked down by a runaway horse a few days ago. He died in Roosevelt Hospital soon after.

Foreign.

The Porto Rico insular ministers have resigned, but offered to continue in office until the appointment of their successors.

Sir William Lockhart, Commander-in-Chief of the forces in India, has started from London for Calcutta to resume his duties there.

A surgical attendant employed in the laboratory of Professor Nothangel, the celebrated medical expert at Vienna, Austria, died from Indian plague, culture germs of which had been recently taken to Vienna from Bombay for purposes of investigation.

Rear-Admiral Schley has been placed temporarily in command of the naval station at San Juan de Porto Rico.

Mr George Wyndham has been appointed British Under Secretary for War.

Upward of thirty persons were drowned by the storm along the English coast.

A physician attached to the French Legation at Pekin, China, visited the Emperor of China and made a critical medical examination of his Majesty's condition.

Captain-General Blanco agreed to the request of the American Commissioners for the free entry of Red Cross supplies at the ports of Havana, Cardenas, Cienfuegos, Sagua la Grande, Caibarien, Bahia Honda and others of less importance.

The American Evacuation Commissioners in Cuba protested against a proposed sale at auction in Havana of Spanish mortars and other guns.

A severe storm on the British coast wrecked several vessels, and caused considerable loss of life.

Seven barges containing 300,000 pools of naphtha have been burned at the petroleum port of Astrakhan, Russia. Three persons were killed during the conflagration and several others were injured.

The Dowager Duchess of Sutherland offered $20,000 reward for the return of jewels lost on a trip between Paris and London.

A syndicate of American cattle buyers, headed by J. H. Morris, of Kansas City, Mo., has just purchased 100,000 head of cattle in Mexico. The animals will be shipped to Cuba and Porto Rico. The investors expect to clear $3,000,000 after all transportation and other charges are paid.

Lord Charles Beresford, who has been intrusted by the British Government with a special mission to China, arrived at Pekin a few days ago.

The President of Switzerland received a letter containing a threat to take his life.

Prince Ching, on behalf of the Tsung li-Yamen, has given the British Minister at Peking, China, assurances that the Emperor's health is improving.

The German Government has now definitely decided to appoint permanently a naval attache at Washington.

Anti-Semic riots occurred at Kossow, in Austrian Galicia, a few days ago, when a number of peasants attacked and plundered the Jewish quarter, killing ten persons and wounding many others. Troops were dispatched to the scene.

EUROPE ON VERGE OF WAR

Great Britain and France Assume Hostile Attitudes Over Fashoda.

RUSSIA SIDES WITH FRANCE.

The French Naval Reserves Are Under Orders—England Firm Regarding Possession of the Nile Valley—Parisian Business Men For Peace—M. Brisson Will Resign the Premiership.

LONDON (By Cable).—Europe was never nearer to a war between the great powers as she is to-day. The Fashoda incident upon the Nile Valley, simple enough in itself, has caused complications between England and France. Warlike naval manœuvres in France, ominous hints from Russia that she upholds France, new aggressions by the Muscovites in China, and further aggressions threatened by the French tend to disturb the peace of the world.

The French torpedo fleet has been put through night manœuvres to test the ability of such vessels to capture Toulon.

British newspapers applaud the threatening speech of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, who says France must be kept out of the Nile Valley, even if England has to fight.

Russian troops have seized New-Chwang and forts in Northern China, the native garrison fleeing.

France threatens to seize more Chinese territory if immediate reparation is not made for the murder of a Catholic missionary.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says the Government will uphold France in its dealings with England on the Fashoda question.

The Pall Mall Gazette, in an article headed "Worse Things Than War," points out the advantages that England would be likely to gain in case of war.

The St. James's Gazette says: "There is reason to be calm, not because of the reports that France is arming, which we do not believe, but because we are as ready with our national defences as ever in our history."

PARIS (By Cable).—The alleged war preparations of France are the absorbing subject of discussion here at present. There have been important naval experiments at Toulon. A flotilla of torpedo boats was detailed to make an endeavor to force the entrance of the harbor, and the whole garrison was called to arms and the forts and batteries were manned, ready for instant action.

A secret council of war has been held and the five classes of the Naval Reserves around Brest have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness for active service.

The drift of opinion on the Fashoda question among commercial men in Paris was shown by a resolution adopted by the Municipal Council of this city, urging the French Government, without sacrificing the material interests of the country, to use its utmost efforts to avert a conflict with Great Britain over this dispute.

Premier Brisson intends, when the Chambers reassemble, to agree to the discussion of the Government's internal policy, and also to endeavor to secure the passage of an indemnity bill. He will then announce the personal reasons which compel him to resign. President Faure will probably ask M. Bourgeois to assume the Premiership and continue the policy of M. Brisson as approved by the Chamber of Deputies.

LIVES LOST IN CHINESE FLOODS.

Two Thousand Persons Drowned and $1,000,000 Damage to Property.

VANCOUVER, B. C. (Special).—The news has just come by the steamer Empress of Japan that 2000 persons were drowned recently in the district of Waltsig, near Pekin, China, by floods.

Hundreds of square miles in this district were under water. The waves were five and six feet above the highest elevation.

This plain mentioned consists of a densely populated district. One report says twenty-five towns were under water and that thousands of inhabitants flocked to the cities.

The floods were preceded by typhoons. Eight boats were wrecked by typhoons off Formosa, including the American bark Como and the German steamer Trinidad, formerly of the Cunard Line.

The loss of property and shipping of Formosa by the typhoon amounted to $1,000,000.

Hundreds of persons died from exposure. Twelve ships were driven out to sea and lost. The French liner Hoehow was wrecked near Amoy. The crew of the Como was saved. Hundreds of lives were lost in Formosa.

A HUSBAND'S HORRIBLE CRIME.

He Killed His Wife Because She Opposed His Going Into the Liquor Business.

PATERSON, N. J. (Special).—John Reinhardt, fifty-five years of age, a few days ago murdered his wife and then fatally shot himself.

Years ago Reinhardt drove a truck for a brewery. He was thrifty, and in a short time amassed sufficient money to purchase real estate at South Paterson. He opened a large saloon on Marshall street. His saloon venture proved a success, and this led to his taking to drink. After much persuasion on the part of his wife, he sold out his business five months ago.

Ever since that time Reinhardt has been melancholy. He would quarrel with his wife over re-entering the saloon business, but she steadfast in her decision to keep him out of the liquor trade.

They fought over the matter and the man ended the discussion by killing her and turning the revolver upon himself.

NEW TORPEDO BOAT EXPLOSION.

Three Men Killed on the Davis While She Was Making Her Trial Trip.

ASTORIA, Ore. (Special).—On the trial trip of the new Government torpedo boat Davis on Thursday, some boiler tubes burst. Three men were killed and four were badly injured. All the dead and wounded men were members of the crew.

The dead are H. Woods, C. McNuley and P. Luethie. The wounded are A. Johnson, A. Buehl, W. Woods and B. Ryan.

A New British Cruiser Launched.

The third-class cruiser Prometheus was launched from the dockyards at Hull, England, a few days ago, with all of her machinery aboard. She is a vessel of 2135 tons and 7000 indicated horse power, and will carry eight guns.

One Italian Woman Kills Another.

Mrs. Angeline Rose, aged twenty-one years, of Naugatuck, Conn., was murdered by Mrs. Marie Pompanio, aged twenty-five. The two women, who are Italians, quarreled, and Mrs. Pompanio became enraged and stabbed Mrs. Rose in the side with a table knife.

Wife-Murderer Hanged in Minnesota.

Joe Ott, who pleaded guilty of killing his wife, was hanged in the jail yard at Granite Falls, Minn. Ott made a statement from the gallows expressing sorrow for the crime. This was the first execution in the history of Yellow Medicine County.

A Surgeon's Cool Deed.

While John Hall, of Scranton, Penn., was being operated on for appendicitis at his home, a few days ago, a fire broke out in the house. The doctors continued with the operation while members of the household and neighbors fought the blaze. It was subdued, but much damage was done. It was at first feared that Mr. Hall would not survive the shock of the operation and excitement due to the fire, but it is stated that he will recover.

The Industrial Commission Organizes.

The Government Industrial Commission met and organized, Senator Kyle being elected Chairman.

Train Kills Three Boys.

William Berner, Fred Berner and Charles Coatswrith, three young schoolboys of Cheektowaga, N. Y., were killed by a fast passenger train on the Lehigh Valley Railroad in the township. The boys were stealing a ride on a freight train and jumped off, landing on another track directly in front of the passenger train. Their bodies were horribly mangled.

Governor Foster's Wife Has Yellow Fever

Among the new cases of yellow fever reported at Baton Rouge, La., is that of Mrs Foster, wife of Governor Foster. The latter refused to leave the State capital when the fever started there.

The Major's Experience.

From the Detroit Free Press.

One of the staunchest supporters of the deep-water way from the Great Lakes to the ocean is Major A. C. Bishop, of 715 Third Ave., Detroit, a civil engineer of wide experience and considerable prominence in his profession. He was assistant engineer on the Hudson River Railroad in 1850 and has since conducted large engineering operations. He has been located in Detroit since 1851, and has a large acquaintance among the business men and citizens of this city.

Two years ago, for the first time, Major Bishop was in the hospital. For two months he had the best of medical attendance, but when he was discharged he was not like the Major Bishop of old. When asked regarding his health, he said: "When I had my last spell of sickness and came out of the hospital I was a sorry sight. I could not gain my strength, and could not walk over a block for several weeks.

Major Bishop.

"I noticed some articles in the newspapers regarding Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which convinced me that they were worth trying and bought two boxes. I did not take them for my complexion but for strength. After using them I felt better, and know they did me worlds of good. I am pleased to recommend them to invalids who need a tonic or to build up a shattered constitution.

"A. C. BISHOP."

Subscribed and sworn to before me this eight day of January, 1898.

ROBERT E. HULL, JR., *Notary Public.*

The pure, powerful vegetable ingredients in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People supply the antidote for poisonous matter in the blood and add those elements needed to build up body and brains. Many diseases long supposed by the medical profession to be incurable have succumbed to the potent influence of these pills. They can be taken by young or old, being harmless in their nature, but powerful in eliminating disease.

MISS HOYT GOLF CHAMPION.

She Defeats Miss Wetmore at Ardsley by Brilliant Playing.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—Miss Beatrix Hoyt defeated Miss Maude K. Wetmore at Ardsley Saturday, and for the third successive year she is the woman golf champion of America. Her game was won by perfect golf, steady, systematic, nearly every shot being sent with almost unerring accuracy.

MISS BEATRIX HOYT.
(The Champion Woman Golf Player of America.)

Miss Hoyt, who will now hold the highest honor among women golfers in America for the coming year, is but eighteen years of age. She has equaled the hitherto unparalleled record of three successive annual triumphs, held by Lady Hamilton, better known as Lady Margaret Scott, who held the woman's golf championship of Scotland and England up to two years ago for three continuous years. Miss Hoyt's club will hold for another year the one-thousand-dollar silver cup, and she receives as the first souvenir a gold medal.

KNIGHTS TEMPLARS IN PITTSBURG.

The Triennial Conclave a Magnificent Success—The Officers Elected.

PITTSBURG, Penn. (Special).—The Triennial Conclave of the Knights Templars was held here, and over 50,000 pilgrims were royally entertained. The conclave was a magnificent success.

There were 25,000 uniformed Knights Templars in the parade that opened the triennial conclave. Along the line of march there were seats to accommodate 200,000 spectators, and there were at least 1,000,000 persons along the line of march, which was seven miles in length. General J. P. S. Gobin was the Grand Marshal of the parade.

The Grand Treasurer reported receipts of $26,791 and disbursements of $9727. The net cash resources are $42,154. The report of the Grand Recorder showed a net gain of 2734 Knights during the year, making a total of 115,899. The Knights in New York State number 11,376, and those in New Jersey 1801.

At the meeting of the Grand Encampment in Carnegie Hall the following officers were elected: Reuben H. Lloyd, of San Francisco, Grand Master; H. B. Stoddard, of Texas, Deputy Grand Master; C. M. Montague, of Chicago, Grand Generalissimo; H. W. Rugg, of Providence, Grand Captain-General; W. B. Melish, of Ohio, Grand Senior Warden; Joseph A. Locke, of Portland, Grand Junior Warden; H. Wales L. Lines, of Meriden, Conn., Grand Treasurer, and William Henry Mayo, of St. Louis, Grand Recorder.

Louisville was selected for the Triennial Conclave in 1901.

Two Men Drowned in Newark Bay.

John Welch, aged twenty-five, and William Laury, colored, aged thirty-five, of Newark, N. J., were drowned in Newark Bay Sunday afternoon. They were crabbing from a small boat with Thomas Eldridge and William Miller. The high wind made the bay so rough that they sought shelter by climbing on the Lehigh Valley Railroad bridge. Miller and Eldridge managed to drag themselves up on the structure, but Welch fell overboard, and Laury lost his grip on the bridge in trying to clutch his companion. Both men were swept away by the swift tide.

Killed by a Game Warden.

James L. Tooker, a Game Warden, of Perth Amboy, was at Haledon, N. J., a few days ago looking for violators of the game law. He met Secunda Canova shooting birds which the Game Warden claims was out of season. The Game Warden attempted to place Canova under arrest, and a row followed. During the scuffle Canova was shot through the heart, and he died instantly. The Game Warden, who says he shot the man in self-defense, was arrested and placed in jail.

A Revolt of Abyssinians.

Advices from Djibouti, received at Paris, France, say that the revolt of Ras Mangascia, the most important of the Abyssinian chiefs, was engineered by the British. King Menelik has sent 40,000 troops, commanded by Ras Makonnen, to put down the insurrection, and, as Ras Mangascia has only 10,000 troops at his command, it is expected that the revolt will be easily quelled despite British support.

Five Persons Murdered.

A man and his four children were murdered in their house in the Galician settlement near Dominion City, Manitoba. The wife is missing, and it is suspected she committed the crime. The weapon used was an ax. It is understood the man and woman had frequently quarreled. The name of the family has not been learned.

The Secret of This Opal.

A New Orleans jeweler tells a rather whimsical little story at the expense of a gentleman of this city who plumes himself on his freedom from superstition. "Back in the '80's some time," said the jeweler, "he bought an opal ring while on a visit to El Paso, Texas. The setting was supposed to come from the Mexican mines and was remarkably handsome and full of fire. It was mounted with ten small brilliants and made really a very striking ornament; but, as usual, the friends of its owner were continually predicting that it would bring him bad luck. He laughed at their alarm and finally took a good deal of pride in vaunting his superiority to popular superstition. About a month ago he lost one of the brilliants and brought the ring here for repairs. 'I've worn this opal for over ten years,' he said, 'and I've yet to discover that it was responsible for any misfortune. Plague take such silly notions, anyhow.' When I repaired the mount I examined the setting carefully and was greatly amused to discover that it wasn't an opal at all, but merely a piece of colored glass. Opals, by the way, are easily imitated, the current belief to the contrary notwithstanding. When I told the gentleman about it it made him so mad that he gave the ring to his negro porter."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Sleeping With Head to North.

The idea that human beings should sleep with their heads to the north is believed by the French to have for its foundation a scientific fact. They affirm that each human system is in itself an electric battery, the head being one of the electrodes, the feet the other. Their proof was discovered from experiments which the Academy of Science was allowed to make on the body of a man who was guillotined. This was taken the instant it fell and placed upon a pivot free to move as it might. The head part after a little vacillation turned to the north and the body then remained stationary. It was turned half way round by one of the professors, and again the head end of the trunk moved slowly to the cardinal point due north, the same result being observed until the final arrestation of organic movement.

Small Vegetables in Fashion.

While California is trying to grow bigger and bigger fruits and vegetables, epicures here in the East are developing a taste for miniature specimens of the earth's products. To supply the demand in the larger cities for young vegetables, such as the French consider the most delicate and appetizing, the truck farmers bring to market tiny potatoes, turnips, carrots, cauliflower, and even heads of cabbage the size of a baseball.

Such vegetables are, it is said, more easily digested, their fiber being tender and succulent, instead of tough and often a woody nature, as the growth arrives at maturity. Some of the flavor is undoubtedly lost, but lovers of these undeveloped vegetables claim that this loss is counterbalanced by their daintiness and delicacy.—New York Evening Post.

New Zealand Birds.

As for birds, I have never heard more beautiful melodies than are poured downward from the boughs of New Zealand trees. One could almost believe from the notes which come flooding down from yonder golden songster that Siegfried's bird had come here to dwell when his mission was ended near the Drachenfels. His song ends with the setting of the sun, and we, weary of the outer world, find it pleasant to return to our comfortable inn, and, sitting by a roaring fire, gaze into its glowing depths, or out through open windows, upon the silent majesty of these eternal snows.—Islands of the Southern Seas, by M. M. Shoemaker.

In Sweden yarn is not allowed to be sold if it contains 0.0009 per cent. of arsenic. A carpet has been condemned by the inspectors because it contained one-thousandth part of a grain of arsenic in sixteen square inches, that is, one grain in a piece of carpet ten feet square.

An Alpine life-saving society has been formed in the Tyrol at Innsbruck. Its object is to have stations at various resorts for rendering prompt assistance, with competent guides, in case of accidents.

To furnish shoes for our army would require the skins of 34,625 calves, not counting the soles and heels.

The Fields of Sport.

From the fields of sport we go to bed and get up full of pains and aches. The next night, by the use of St. Jacobs Oil, we are soothed to sleep and get up cured.

More than 100 collisions occurred on Japanese railroads in 1897.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Japanese, it is said, now publish three times as many books as the Italians.

Origin of Colorado's Canons.

In a contribution by Dr. T. M. Prudden to Harper's Magazine, on the origin of the canons of the Colorado, the opinion is expressed that at first, the Colorado and its tributaries, sweeping over the slowly rising surfaces, planed them down in the most relentless manner, as it were, and then began wearing out broad, shallow stream beds. Then the country rose more rapidly, and the water had to cut deeper channels in the rocks in order to flow out and away to sea.

Owing in part to the wear of the water itself, but more to the ceaseless action of the suspended sand which it bore from the up-country, or gathered up as it went along, and to the force of pebbles and boulders which it swept on in flood time, the river kept cutting down as the strata rose.

Finally, when what was left of our inland sea bottom got thrust up so that, towering far above its former rocky shores, it had to be called a plateau, the Colorado and its tributaries or auxiliaries found themselves at the bottom of a series of colossal canons and gorges, where they are today.

A Short Fight.

The damp of autumn nights and mornings stirs up sciatica, and then comes a fight of pain. Use St. Jacobs Oil, and then give it a tug to cure it. It is a short fight and the cure is sure.

The Denmark dykes have stood the storms of more than seven centuries.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

There are nearly a million miles of telegraph wires in the United States.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The incubator has been introduced into the ostrich farms in California.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A balloonist four miles above the earth can hear the barking of a dog.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

The population of China is now estimated at 350,000,000.

The cakes of Ivory Soap are so shaped that they may be used entire for general purposes, or divided with a stout thread into two perfectly formed cakes for toilet use. For any use put to, Ivory Soap is a quick cleanser, absolutely safe and pure.

SUPPLEMENT TO

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1898.

COMPLETE EXPOSURE OF DEMOCRATIC MISREPRESENTATION OF EASTERN COUNTIES

Personal Investigation Reveals the Fact that these Counties and Cities are Better Governed than Ever Before.

DEMOCRATS ALWAYS APPOINTED OR ELECTED NEGROES WHEN THEY COULD USE THEM.

As a Rule Negroes Hold Only Subordinate Places, and the Negroes, Including those Holding Office, are Humble, Quiet and Submissive, and Feel their Dependence and Inferiority as Much as ever in Their History.

A PRESENTATION OF FACTS THAT DEMOCRATIC LEADERS CANNOT DENY---BY J. WILEY SHOOK.

ROBESON COUNTY.

History of the Infamous Steal that Enslaved the People for Twenty Years.

Senator Butler Exposed Bourbon Hypocrisy, and Showed Democrats Have Appointed Negro Road Overseers, and Caused a White Minister to be Arrested by a Negro Ex-Convict.

Lumberton, Oct. 4, 1898.

"Hold Robeson and save the State."

These significant and potential words were wired from Raleigh to the Democratic managers in Lumberton under circumstances very much the same as now exist in North Carolina.

For participation in the war of the rebellion thousands of the best citizens of North Carolina had been denied the right of suffrage, and the State had been reconstructed, by the common people, who knowing the value of liberty, so fully appreciated its worth that they had, in the new management of affairs, made it possible for every citizen of the State regardless of his humble position in society to be a voter and a sovereign and furthermore had enacted such laws that insured the counting of that vote just as it had been cast. While this condition existed the old aristocratic slave holding Democratic gang who for years had been the power that had controlled the State in all its departments, was left out of its deliberations.

By all kinds of methods this gang had failed to regain the power the results of the war had taken from them until by some unaccountable stroke of good fortune to their interests they succeeded in getting the legislature elected in 1874 to enact a call for a convention to amend the constitution of the State.

HISTORY OF THE STEAL.

That election had been held on the first Thursday in August, 1875. The law provided that returns should be made from the townships to the board of county commissioners on Saturday following the election and should it appear at the meeting on Saturday that any of the townships had not sent their returns up as required by law, that the board should adjourn until the following Tuesday when they should meet and compare the returns in full. The returns from three of the townships in Robeson county failed to reach the board on Saturday. With the vote of these three townships, Norment and McNeil, Republicans, were elected to the convention by an average majority of 100 votes. Without the vote of these three townships McEachern and Sinclair, Democrats, were elected. The failure of the vote of these three townships to reach the board was well known to be on account of high water in some of the streams to be crossed by the election officer in reaching the county seat. The Republican candidates plead in vain with the board for a compliance with the requirements of law in such cases, but it being a strong partisan board all appeals were made in vain.

The votes of the townships present were counted and the Democrats declared elected. After the closing of the case, the attorney for the board informed the board that their action was without warrant of law, and therefore void. Acting under his advice the board notified all parties interested that it would reopen the case on Tuesday and proceed to count the votes of the three missing townships. This proposition held good until Monday. By that day it was found out at Democratic headquarters in Raleigh that upon the vote of Robeson county depended the control of the convention, and acting upon this knowledge Gen. W. R. Cox, a prominent machine Democrat at once wired the Democratic chairman at Lumberton, "Hold Robeson and save the State." This was enough, Robeson was held and free government in the State was lost. Norment and McNeil contested for their seats, and their legal rights to them were never questioned but to have admitted them the State would have been forever lost to Democracy and this it could not permit. No report was made in the case and the Democrats who had no more right to the seats, than Judas Iscariot had held them down through the whole session of the convention, voting and acting with a minority of those of their kind who with themselves made a majority and by this means North Carolina was robbed of free government, and her citizenship was disfranchised so far as the election of county officers was concerned until the rising of Populism, which made a coalition with Republicans, enfranchising them in 1895.

CONDITIONS COMPARED.

Now for the likeness of the conditions that existed then and at present. This old gang had been driven from the pie counter for their conduct and almost preferring death to separation from the flesh pots of State they resorted to any method, civilized or uncivilized, to obtain their end—chief of which was an arrayal of race against race. With the most diabolical and hellish prejudice imaginable and to further consummate their dark and damnable schemes they committed theft and perjury on the freedom of the ballot in this county.

Again they are out upon the barren sands and mountains of political influence and the same arrayal of race prejudice is made. The same steps are being taken to corrupt the ballot, by perjury and theft as was taken then (see action of board in appointing election officers in Mecklenburg, New Hanover and other counties) and last of all, but not least, we have the same Gen. Cox's word for it, that when Democracy again succeeds in this State the South Carolina system of wholesale disfranchisement of poor and illiterate voters will be effected in this State.

After such a record as this who could afford to believe otherwise than that such will be our fate should they again get control even though that grand old incandescent liar Simmons and all his cohorts should swear otherwise until they they should become as black in the face as the hinges of midnight or what is blacker, their designs upon the freedom of the ballot in this State. How, otherwise, do they hope to control? Can 180,000 votes be defeated by 140,000 votes in any other way? Can Democracy control New Hanover, Craven, Mitchell or Madison counties in any other way than by a disfranchisement of their citizens? I call upon common sense and reason to find the answer.

This county has always been a favorite resort for theft of elections. In 1894 Dr. Norment, who was counted out of the convention of 1875, and his associate on the ticket, a man named Smith, together with the entire fusion county ticket—except the clerk of the Superior court—were counted out. The members of the legislature contested and were promptly seated, but the county officers were not so fortunate. They, with the exception of the clerk of the court, whose majority was too safe for trouble, did not get in. At the election in 1896 the Republican-Populist fusion majority in the county was so overwhelming that no effort was made at the counting out business.

RESULTS OF FUSION RULE.

The result has been a magnificently happy one for the good of the county. So much so that even Democrats have told me that they confidently expect to see the fusion majority in the county this fall not less than 1500. Republicans and Populists place it as high as 2000. The annual report of the county commissioners show that when they took charge the county was in debt in round numbers $10,000. That they saved and paid on this debt last year $6950.94 and that out of the present tax which has just been turned over to the sheriff for collection they expect to pay the remainder of the county's indebtedness and have quite a snug little sum left on hand for a contingency.

SENATOR BUTLER'S EXPOSURES.

This is one of the negro ridden counties for which Democratic speakers express such great concern and shed such crocodile tears. I took special pains to inquire about the conduct of the colored people and the universal response I got was that they never gave any trouble, nor that the white people ever had the least fears of any trouble from them whatever. I inquired about their demands for office and most of those of whom I inquired did not seem to know that the negro had ever been mixed up in any way with public business, but when Senator Butler had finished his speech he said he would devote five minutes to the Democratic party and the negro, and his exposition of their co-operation in this county was so full and instructive on the subject that I will subjoin it to this, adopting it as part of the information I gained while visiting the county. The Senator said: "Do any of you know D. B. McLean? If so, who is he and what is his politics?" More than one "yes" responded, when one man said, he is a Democrat and a justice of the peace in Red Springs township. "Well," said Senator, "I want to tell you what he did and if I am correctly informed I want to be so advised. If not I want to be so informed so that no injustice may be done. This Democratic justice of the peace issued a process for one George McLeod and deputized a negro, Niel McCrae, to serve it, and I am also told that the negro had served a seven years' term in the State penitentiary for arson and that there was a white officer in the township at the same time who was equally as convenient to the justice of the peace as this negro. I am also told that the man upon whom the process was served was a respectable minister

of the Baptist church. Am I correct?"

At once there arose from the audience an elderly and respectable looking man, who said: "Senator Butler, every word you have spoken is correct, and I am the man upon whom that process was served by the negro."

He said that John McNair, also a Democratic justice of the peace for the same township had within less than three months issued a process for a white man and deputized a negro to serve it. He said that the Democratic board of road supervisors for that same township had always appointed negro overseers and that two negroes, Sam Blount and Heck McNair, are now overseers of roads in that township by virtue of Democratic appointment. Every word of which he proved by respectable witnesses called upon to state facts.

The Senator then said, is there a road leading out of this town to Lumber Ridge? Yes, was the response, from a hundred lips. Who is overseer of that road? Dave Roberts, came the answer. Is Dave here? Yes, sir. Stand up, David, and let us see you. At one bound one of the finest and blackest specimens of African manhood arose in the audience that I ever saw. Turning to the representative of the News and Observer the Senator said, Now, cartoon that sight in your paper tomorrow and tell your readers that this overseer was appointed by the Democratic board of road supervisors of Lumberton township, Robeson county, and that he works white men on the road. Will you do it?

The Senator in turn called up the following negro road overseers appointed by the same board of supervisors and working white hands on roads leading out of the town of Lumberton: Bob Griffin and Joe Finch, and called witnesses to the fact that Dave Brown, also colored, had been overseer before Finch was appointed.

This is sufficient for Robeson county. I shall leave here for other fields.

THE FIELD OF SCAVENGERS.

Wilmington and New Hanover County Outrageously Misrepresented.

Practically all Prominent Officers of the City and County Well Educated, Honest and Refined White Men—A Few Negroes Hold Subordinate Offices, and They and the Whole Colored Population More Dependent and Polite Than in Asheville—Democrats Have Always had Negroes in City Offices, and Tried to Elect a Negro Sheriff.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 5.—Both the Charlotte Observer and the Asheville Citizen have sent special scavengers here for the purpose of making investigations into the horrible status of affairs under Republican rule which to them and to all of their party compatriots who speak of the government of this or any other eastern city is always spoken of as negro rule. With a Democratic newspaper or politician, Republican rule in eastern Carolina always means negro rule because, among this highly cultivated, and altogether good and patriotic class of our fellow citizens, a white man who will condescend to be a Republican in the South is not so good as a negro—not one-half so good as a country dog. Hence it is that these Googoos who suppose themselves the sponsors and directors of all that is good in society or government, came to this city and others of our eastern towns, and then regardless of the fact that all the important places in the National, State, County and City governments are filled with white men who, if they were surrounded by a class of citizenship who had ever found that a man can be an honest man and hold views at variance to theirs would be the peers of any man in the communities where they live, return to their homes and spout ink as black and contorted as are their own evil souls, against negro domination, and negro insolence. When they know that only subordinate places are held by negroes, who bear the same relationship to their superior officers as the man who saddles his employer's horse does to his employer or the cook who prepares breakfast does to the lady of the house. In this I speak only of what exists in this city, which is strictly in keeping with the truth with the single exception of John C. Dancey, as collector of customs for this port.

I find here, as these scavengers have said, a vast number of negroes. They are of all sizes, classes, conditions and colors, from that of the proverbial ace of spades to the florid daughter of a Democratic politician who co-operated with the sable mother of this florid damsel on his way to the club meeting, where he was to denounce fusion and negro domination to a crowd of anxious Democrats.

DEMOCRATIC-NEGRO FUSION.

Senator Pritchard in his arraignment of the Democratic party for its opposition to fusion, convicts it of being the first party in the State to institute fusion, and this he substantiates by documentary testimony to the effect that the Democrats and insurgent negroes made a fusion in the city of Newbern so long ago as 1888, and won on a fusion ticket, which carried with it a division of the city officers between the Democrats and those insurgent negroes, but if he will come to this city he can find living evidences that Democratic negro fusion has been successful in this city longer ago than 1888. Many of the witnesses are much older than that. I would not charge this fusion altogether on the Democrats, but they tell us they are no white people here except Democrats. So this must be a full fusion between Democrats and negroes. Nor is it believed that the fusion is yet broken off as there are quite a good number of very young witnesses to the fact, who are, though young, competent to bear testimony in their own behalf.

Yes, I find all these classes and conditions of negroes here, and I find them pursuing their daily business of earning a living by waiting on and working for white people who need their services just as they do in Asheville, or Columbia or Washington or any other city or town I have ever been in. I find them no more insolent here than I found them in any other city where I have been.

SOCIAL CONDITIONS THE SAME AS IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

I was in South Carolina three weeks ago today and I found the negro and the white man moving along side by side in the great race of life, with the negro feeling dependence upon the white man for almost every comfort and necessity of life, I found him unobjectionable to the white man, and submissive to his requirements. I find the same conditions existing here. No difference whatever in the relationship of the great masses, but when I come in contact with some one or some one's influence who wants one of those insignificant places of trust that the negro holds by virtue of his citizenship and his affiliation with that party which at present happens to be in the majority in the city, state and nation, then the most hell incited howl ever heard, is raised and Democratic politicians and papers from one end of the state to the other arraigns the negro and the Republican party for promoting the negro to these places over white men; and that by reason of this promotion, all kinds of insolence is indulged in by the negro women who are incited to bad conduct toward the white people because their race is permitted by the Republican party to hold office in the city, state and nation. A blacker, more corruptible nor damnable batch of lies were ever coined from the mints of hell. There is no trouble between the races, save that which is excited over the longing demands of those hungry Democratic politicians for offices. Not that, those Democratic hoodlums would not just as soon see the negro hold the places as to see white Republicans hold them, because many have told me that the negroes are infinitely better men than the white man who vote the Republican ticket and hold the offices under that party where those holding the offices present a white skin.

DEMOCRATIC ALLEGATIONS UNTRUE.

The Democratic party is no where making good the allegations that the record of the administration of affairs in the towns and cities controled by the Republican party—some of the officers of whom are colored—show any evidence of incompetency, or fraud. Far from such evidence, because the records are open for inspection, and there is not a county, city or town which has within the last two years gone under the control of the Republican party—though a part of its organization may be colored—that does not show substantial improvements. Then for shame, why should they demand their white men's supremacy when the record shows that the colored man as they are pleased to term the Republican party, can and does show in every case a more clean and capable government than they have ever shown? In support of this proposition I wish here to give some facts and figures taken from the records of this city and county since the Republicans took charge of its offices as compared with a like period while the city and county were under Democratic control. At the election in November, 1896, a Republican Board of County Commissioners for the county were elected to take the place of the buzzard's nest gang that had infested the court house for 17 years under Democratic rule. When the books were opened it was found that the tax levy for all county purposes was 47 cents on the $100 worth of property which produced $75,723.59 in taxes. After investigation it was seen by the board that this amount was out of all reason for an honest, economical administration of county affairs, and the first levy they made was for 32 cents, which produced taxes for the year 1897, amounting to $56,-208.72, a saving to the tax-payers of the county of $19,514.87, and they found this amount amply sufficient besides giving much more satisfactory results in every department of the county's business. For the year 1898, the levy was made at the same rate, in the aggregate; but was lowered in some of the special items for which it was made and enough added to the item for "bonded debt" to raise and pay at least $16,000 on the bonded indebtedness of the county.

THE SCHOOLS UNDER FUSION.

The most gratifying results of the honest management of the county's affairs under a Republican board was the improvement of the public schools of the county. Through economy practiced by the board in which the board of education and superintendent of the schools were made to serve without pay and the township school committees were made to act as poll holders for the special school election without pay, and by an arrangement under which fuel in the country districts was furnished without cost, the schools in the city were run eight months and the county schools were run six months without one cent of extra cost to the taxpayers, whereas they had been run only three and four months the year before.

THE COUNTY POOR HOUSE.

Another highly commendable improvement the Republican administration has made is in the management of the county home for the aged and afflicted. This was done both in the matter of a saving to the county, as the levy for the purpose was lowered from 10 per cent. in 1896 to 3½ per cent. in 1897, and through a material improvement in the care of those unfortunate charitable charges. When the present manager took charge of the institution he found the premises all alive and reeking with lice from cellar to garret and the unfortunate were treated to the shackle and the pick as a common menas of subjugation. Since the present warden took charge everything about the place has been renovated until all the comforts of a well regulated home are noticeable on every hand, and any one could afford to take a night's rest in any room of the home, and not a punishment has been inflicted. What is worse under Democratic management women were punished by being tied up by the thumbs and a Democratic negro deputy warden administered the punishment. The present management is entirely white. While on this subject I will state one further fact in regard to the county poor. By a Supreme court decision the Republican board of commissioners were ousted, some time ago and a Democratic clerk of the court appointed a Democratic board in their place. For several years an old man, 87 years of age by the name of Jones had been allowed $1.50 per month from the county. At the meeting of this Democratic board this week this allowance was taken from the old man and the same day the board voted their chairman $50 per month salary in lieu of all per diems.

FACTS ABOUT WILMINGTON.

This a faithful and truthful contrast of conditions under Democrat rule and under Republican rule in the county of New Hanover and is but one of every case of its kind, and I challenge every Democratic scavenger that has visited the east to show its parallel in Democratic counties. Before offering a comparison of administration in the city with former Democratic administrations I want to say something in regard to its organization, geographically, politically and officially. The city has been for many years divided into five wards. This division, like all others which Democrats make, is a very unfair gerrymander. Three of the wards are Democratic and two are Republican. The first ward has more votes in it than all three of the Democratic wards. If the city was fairly divided, every ward would be carried by the Republicans, but, contrary to what Democrats would under the same circumstances have done, when the Republicans got control of the legislature they did not re-district the city in new wards, but only asked that the Governor be allowed to name five additional aldermen to act with those elected by the people. This has raised a great howl from the Democratic press and politicians of the state who insist that this is a robbery of local government. Who ever heard of a Democrat offering a Republican anything under buzzard's nest county government in Madison or Mitchell counties? Besides this the regulation provided by the Republicans provided that a board of audit and finance be appointed for the county, the majority of whom should be in politics different to the majority on the board of aldermen, and without whose consent no appropriation should be made nor money paid out. The majority of this board is now composed of the best and most progressive citizens of the city, and further, so well have the requests of the city administration met their approval that not a single cross has ever occurred between the two boards. From this it will be seen that the Democrats are equally responsible for the business of the city and that no wrong can be done, without their knowledge and consent so far as expenditures are concerned. I shall next speak of the city government in its personnel. Every man in the city hall from mayor to chief of police is a white man save one. The clerk to the Secretary and Treasurer is a lightly colored fellow, so light in fact that I ventured to ask him if he did not have white kin-folks somewhere. "Why, yes," said he, "I am the living monument of the boasted morality of the Southern gentlemen." Do you see? He has held this same position for 17 years and 15 of these years he was an appointee of a Democratic administration. I also found upon the payroll of the city the name of another negro whose name is M. E. Walker, who was said to be as black as coal, who had been carried there through every Democratic administration since the war, as policeman, at a salary of $48 per month and he could not write his name. No incompetency or insult ot white supremacy in this of course. Every officer in the city hall I found to be a man of more than ordinary intelligence and superior business training and qualifications. The chief of police who the Observer and Citizen scavengers so mercilessly scathed as such a worthless and unintelligent a character I found to be a white man whose only fault among his former associates lies in the fact that he is now politically a Populist. He is a man of genial and courteous manners not the bully that would make an ideal man for the place he holds in the esteem of the Democrats, but is an officer, fearless and discreet in the discharge of his duties. There are besides himself on the police force of the city 31 officers, 20 of whom are white, who the chief tells me makes more than 90 per cent. of all the arrests made in the town and 11 colored officers whose duties are confined mainly to such work as white officers would not care to do. I lingered around the hall most of the forenoon and saw but one of the colored officers about, and when he came in he carried his hat under his arm with as much humbleness as would Dr. Burroughs' coachman in Asheville.

FINANCIAL STATISTICS.

Democratic scavengers who have reported conditions from here say there are 40 negro magistrates. True or not true as this may be according to numbers there is one fact about them which these scavengers never tell. It is that not one of these magistrates, save one ever issued a process for a white man, and that one is a Democratic negro named Price. But he favors white supremacy, and therefore his conduct don't count against Republicans. While on this line I will say that the Democrats here have always trafficked with insurgent negroes whenever an opportunity presented itself, giving them places in turn for services rendered. So long ago as 1872 they ran one named Owen Burnett, against a white man for sheriff. John D. Bellamy, the man they are running for Congress in this district and who is louder, perhaps, in his slanders of this state than almost any other man before the people this year, does not make a speech in his own county because of his activity in the support of the Peg. Leg. Williams' law when a member of the legislature a few years ago and they do whisper that there are other evidences in the city of his co-operation with colored folks in the years that are gone by. But all this don't count now as John wants an office and is for white supremacy. Now as to the financial condition of the city. When the present board took charge they found a bonded indebtedness of $732,000, with a floating debt of $50,000 with no arrangement whatever to meet this latter debt,, whereby the city's credit should be saved. City bonds on the market were then worth 98 cents. When the public saw that there was a determination to maintain the city's credit, confidence in their bonds went up and by the time that the new board had arranged for the sale of $50,000 worth of new bonds the city's credit had rose in the market until these were sold to a Boston syndicate at 101½, the highest price known in the history of the city, and they are standing at that today. That is, those that are outstanding, as the board has already paid $15,000 worth of them and will pay $5,000 more on the first of January. The cash is now in the treasury with which to pay them. While this has been going on Republican administration in the city has been showing its superlority in many other ways. The total monthly salary account paid by the Democrats during their last year in control was $7,183. Amount paid monthly under first year of Republican control, $6,509.

SAVINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

The monthly amount paid the police department which is the great bane to Democratic politicians all through the state in this campaign was under the last year of Democratic control $2,043.-02; under the first year of Republican control it had sunk to $1,302.61, a saving in this one item alone of $740.41 per month. This is quite enough to prove utter worthlessness and unreliability of the Democratic howl that Wilmington and New Hanover county are ruined by negro control, but let's go a little further. The new buildings erected in a city are a first rate index to its prosperity and acceptable government. There has been more buildings and better ones, by 50 per cent. erected in the city this year than in any other year since the war, save the year after the great fire, which of course was an enforced improvement. But by all odds the banks of the city are the best barometer of its progress and prosperity.

CONDITION OF THE BANKS.

The National bank of Wilmington, the youngest of the city banks, was organized 3½ years ago with a capital stock of $100,000. During its life it has already paid out $15,000 in dividends to its stockholders and passed $15,000 to its surplus fund, and in the report of its directors on the 14th of July last, they say this has been by far the most satisfactory year of its existence. Not a dollar of its stock can be bought at any price.

Better even is the showing made by the Atlantic National bank at the close of business for the last three years bearing date of September 20th. The material and interesting part of their business stood as follows:

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I have gone over this situation much more definitely than I feel is required to convince the most exacting that these horrid slanders and malignant lies that are being perpetrated and repeated to the people of North Carolina concerning bad government and negro rule in the east come from the depravity of Democratic hearts, who are without office and without an issue upon which to go before a sensible people asking for office but I felt that the people should not, or ought not to be imposed upon by these howlers and heelers without having some knowledge of the facts as they really exist.

"A FOOL'S ERRAND."

City and County of Horrors a Fake of Democratic Scavengers.

Negroes in Craven County Just Like Those in Other Counties—Inoffensive, Dependent and Law Abiding—Life and Property as Secure as Anywhere in the State—Democratic Falehoods Exposed and Exploded.

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To only think a great party professing principles and claiming those principles as founded on reason should so far fall short of the consideration and confidence of the public that it must in a great contest that ought to be made before the country on those principles drop all the professions it ever had, and go to the country pleading its support and endorsement upon an appeal to the base prejudice of their fellow men, founded on nothing more substantial than brute instinct is a proposition that to be forced to combat is indeed a "fool's errand." Such, however, is the exact condition of the political contest that is now going on in this state. This town has been particularly chosen as the storm center of Democratic appeals to the prejudices of the voters of the state, almost a barrel of ink has already been wasted painting horrible conditions that exist in the economic and social government that control here.

To have read and believed one-half what has been said of this place one would have long since decided that conditions worse than ever existed in Cuba under Weyler's administration were in full force, right here in North Carolina, within one hundred miles of our state capital. But how different is the scene that is passing when once you are on the spot to see the facts for yourself as they really exist.

When I reached the town yesterday, I met negroes galore, as the Babbling "Tattler of The Citizen" would say, and my goodness! how impudent they were. At least a dozen of them charged right up to me and proposed to carry my grip, and show me any hotel in the city for five cents. Many of them were after me to shine my shoes, while some of the older ones ventured to ask me if I had brought anything to town to sell, and some even wanted to sell me goods of one kind or another. Such impudence was unparalleled, almost unbearable. Had my friend Joe Daniels been here he would have said this was because Pritchard was in the United States Senate. Somehow or other I got through it all pretty soon and safely, too.

OUT TO BE MURDERED.

When the sable shades of night had hovered its all shadowing wings over the once hallowed precincts of the city, now made noxious by "negro rule" I ventured from my sacred hidings for a stroll through its streets and alleys, expecting of course every minute to be my last, as from reports I know it must be worth one's life to go upon the streets here after night fall without an armament of steel and a body-guard as formidable as our last Democrat president employed to escort him from the White House to church in the broad day light of a Washington Sunday morning.

I strolled and I strolled and I kept strolling until foot-sore and weary I turned homeward and yet I found nothing but the stupidest, quietest, lazlest, most inoffensive old town I ever found in all my life. No lights, no amusement, nothing but everybody attending strictly to his own affairs and not in one bit of a hurry about that. Undoubtedly I thought something must be wrong about this business. There must be a place somewhere that I can get cursed, abused and maltreated, and I must try and find it, so that when I go away from here I can tell a buggery tale, as others have done.

One fellow on the street told me that by daylight next morning there would be at least fifty fishing boats on the wharf with fish for sale. That of course

John D. Bellamy, the man they are running for Congress in this district and who is louder, perhaps, in his slanders of this state than almost any other man before the people this year, does not make a speech in his own county because of his activity in the support of the Peg. Leg. Williams' law when a member of the legislature a few years ago and they do whisper that there are other evidences in the city of his co-operation with colored folks in the years that are gone by. But all this don't count now as John wants an office and is for white supremacy. Now as to the financial condition of the city. When the present board took charge they found a bonded indebtedness of $732,000, with a floating debt of $50,000 with no arrangement whatever to meet this latter debt, whereby the city's credit should be saved. City bonds on the market were then worth 98 cents. When the public saw that there was a determination to maintain the city's credit, confidence in their bonds went up and by the time that the new board had arranged for the sale of $50,000 worth of new bonds the city's credit had rose in the market until these were sold to a Boston syndicate at 101½, the highest price known in the history of the city, and they are standing at that today. That is, those that are outstanding, as the board has already paid $15,000 worth of them and will pay $5,000 more on the first of January. The cash is now in the treasury with which to pay them. While this has been going on Republican administration in the city has been showing its superiority in many other ways. The total monthly salary account paid by the Democrats during their last year in control was $7,183. Amount paid monthly under first year of Republican control, $6,509.

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OUT TO BE MURDERED.

When the sable shades of night had hovered its all shadowing wings over the once hallowed precincts of the city, now made noxious by "negro rule" I ventured from my sacred hidings for a stroll through its streets and alleys, expecting of course every minute to be my last, as from reports I know it must be worth one's life to go upon the streets here after night fall without an armament of steel and a body-guard as formidable as our last Democrat president employed to escort him from the White House to church in the broad day light of a Washington Sunday morning.

I strolled and I strolled and I kept strolling until foot-sore and weary I turned homeward and yet I found nothing but the stupidest, quietest, laziest, most inoffensive old town I ever found in all my life. No lights, no amusement, nothing but everybody attending strictly to his own affairs and not in one bit of a hurry about that. Undoubtedly I thought something must be wrong about this business. There must be a place somewhere that I can get cursed, abused and maltreated;and I must try and find it, so that when I go away from here I can tell a buggery tale, as others have done.

One fellow on the street told me that by daylight next morning there would be at least fifty fishing boats on the wharf with fish for sale. That of course was my time to find the negro man devil who would sure enough punch me with his boat oar.

AT THE WHARF—A SUCKER.

Promptly at 5 o'clock I was up and off to the wharf. There they were, a mixed multitude with all sorts and kinds of fish. They lacked one kind, however, and I pretty soon found I filled the bill exactly, for that missing fish. It was the sucker that was not there, but Peg. Leg. Kerr and Red Buck Bryant had furnished the sucker and I it was they had caught. You see if this black and tan gang of fishermen or any of the thousands of negroes I had seen through the night before had showed to me any insolence or inclination of disturbance these fellows would have had a sucker, but the story to be told by the sucker would have been very different. With this experience I considered myself fully satisfied as to the falsity of one of the allegations of these scavengers against the present government of the city. That is, that its moral government is bad and that in its badness it has the support of the administration that has control of it, and that its colored population is insolent beyond that of all other cities in the State is a falsehood that to be contradicted needs only an hour's ramble through the city by any one desiring the information. Here I gave up this part of the object of my visit to this town. I made myself known to a man who I knew to be perfectly familiar with all the affairs of the city and who I could trust to give me such information as I desired correctly. I read to him the letters of Mr. Kerr and Bryant to their papers reciting the atrocities that had been perpetrated upon whites by blacks. Of most of them no trace could be found at all. And those that could be traced were of the flimsiest kind for which no one could be held responsible save the actors in the affairs themselves, and then the whites were as blamable in a legal sense as the negroes. Such things as the burglaries spoken of by these correspondents turned out to be mere trivial larceny cases, hundreds such of which are happening every day through every county in the state. Criminal court is now in session here and the docket is not comparable in any sense to a Buncombe docket. For the benefit of the people in Asheville and surrrounding counties I will here give them a case which happened two weeks ago in our own city which equals of any of those mentioned by Brother Kerr though I shall not attempt to paint and horrify this case as he did his, but vouch for its being in fact, as good a case as any he mentioned when examined at close range like one can do with those of his when here on the ground. Ralph Harkins, son of the Collector, was returning from school when just ahead of him he saw a 12 year old negro girl imposing on a white girl of about her own age—fighting her. Ralph hurried, but before he got to the spot all was over between them, but a brother of the negro girl was talking and looking ugly over the affair. Ralph cautioned him to go along his way and not interrupt the white children that were also on the street. To this advice the negro boy demurred and used some violent language to young Harkins, whereupon Ralph not being in a very pleasant humor over the idea of colored children fighting white children, proceeded to administer a sound thrashing to the negro boy. Next day the mother of the boy had Ralph arrested and brought before 'Squire VanGilder, who after hearing the case, entered judgment that both were guilty but allowed them to go upon payment of cost, which was entirely correct and fully satisfactory to all parties. When the trial had been concluded the mother of the boy who got the thrashing, said to Ralph, why did you not come and tell me what my children had done and I sure would have whipped them both. I don't allow them to act in that way toward white children. Now this is as good a case if properly painted and told away from home as any of the kind used by the Democratic press and politicians in this campaign, yet it was never noticed at home because there was no sugar in it for Democratic purposes.

FACTS AS THEY ARE.

Now to an examination of some of the facts as they exist.

Kerr said there is a negro Register of Deeds here. This is true. He is a man thoroughly capable for the performance of every duty of the office. A man who began life a slave, but when emancipated took to books, educated himself, built for himself a character, enviable alike to white and colored, has the fullest confidence and respect of every white man in this city. Has four children, two girls in the best college to be found for their race, two sons also in college, one studying for the law, the other medicine. No young people in Newbern bears a higher reputation than his, and he has by honest effort laid up a nice little fortune for himself and family worth at least $30,-000.

SIMMON'S NEGRO FUSION.

Did Editor Kerr ever hear of a colored man being Register of Deeds under a Democratic administration. Undoubtedly he has. The same eminent Democrat who made Mr. Kerr postmaster at Asheville made one Matthews, a colored man, Register of Deeds in Washington City, and right in the shadow of the dome of the National Capitol. I saw, as Kerr saw here, a negro Register of Deeds in charge of his office and what Mr. Kerr did not see here I saw there. I saw 22 good looking white lady clerks taking instructions from this colored man as their superior officer. After that Mr. Kerr twice opened the columns of his paper in behalf of the election of the man who appointed this colored Register of Deeds. Twice afterwards he voted for him and once he received a commission from his hand. No lack of white supremacy in this of course. Mr. Kerr says there are other negro officers in this county either elected or appointed. Did Mr. Kerr ever hear of the Democrats of this county trying to elect a negro to an office? If not, I will tell him who and where. At the election in 1886 F. M. Simmons, now chairman of the White Man's Supremacy party in North Carolina, cheated a negro out of a seat in Congress from this district. In the campaign of 1888, he laid schemes for the same result and in doing it he advised and accomplished a fusion scheme in this county, with insurgent Republicans, and on the same ticket run and voted for by Mr. Simmons' party was, for coroner, Miles Shepherd, a negro as black as a charcoal. At this election Mr. Simmons received in this county 1687 votes, while the negro candidate for coroner received 1495, only 192 votes less than Mr. Simmons. Only 192 men out of this noble population of white supremacy worshipers refused to vote for the negro for coroner. It would be interesting to know if Mr. Simmons kept in good faith his part of the fusion compact and voted for the negro for coroner himself. At this same election Henry James, another colored man, was the Democratic fusion candidate for constable in this township, and received almost the entire Democratic vote of this city, now groaning under negro rule. If this fight is against the negro in office why is a negro as a Democrat better than a negro as a Republican? Kerr says there are negro magistrates here and they do not hesitate to issue processes for and try white people, in fact he says they have drummers out for work of this kind. I searched the records and found that during the four years in which there have been negro magistrates in this county there have been before them in one way and another altogether and all told 170 cases and of these 11 cases were against white defendants, upon the following charges and with respective dispositions: Three assault and battery trials and convictions; two assault and battery submissions; one disorderly conduct, held to court; one forcible trespass, held to court; one slander case, compromise; one slander, held to court; one abduction, negro child. This is the case Kerr had such agony over. One keeping disorderly house. The woman was held to the present term of the Criminal court, and whether convicted or not, all "the boys" know she is guilty.

In every one of these cases it was perfectly agreeable to all parties concerned that the colored magistrates should try the case. One was removed from a white magistrate by consent and the disposition in all the cases have the approval of every good citizen of the city who is acquainted with the facts in the case.

Another case in this county over which Democratic scavengers have wept loudly is that negroes are allowed representation in the management of the public schools of the county. In these lamentations over this forlorn condition they always fail to tell that E. R. Dudley, a Democratic negro, held a position as one of the three members of the Board of Education for Craven county ever since such a board was provided for by law. In the last campaign Dudley got back in the Republican party, where he was before Simmons prostituted him through that memorable fusion movement of 1888. I have no doubt he would now be a very offensive negro should the Republicans give him an office.

DEMOCRATIC NEGRO HONORED.

Another case over which the Democratic press of the state have done a great deal of howling is that of a negro road overseer near this city on a road where two white men named Cole are subject to road duty. These are the only two white men on that lot of road, and both of them asked for the appointment of the negro, upon an understanding that they should have credit for their home for material furnished for repairing some bridges on the road, and the fact is neither of them have ever struck a lick on the road since this negro was appointed overseer, nor is it intended they shall.

DEMOCRATS HAVE A NEGRO FAMILY PHYSICIAN.

These Democratic scavengers fail to tell the people of the state that these two white men have for their family physician a colored man and no disrespect is considered out of this fact. Such social relations when made of the choice of the individual cuts no ice with a Democratic politician, but when by operation of party politics a negro is put in a position by Republicans then the devil is to pay. Is there a difference? I leave the choice where it belongs.

ANOTHER CAMPAIGN HORROR.

I shall speak of but one other campaign horror that has originated in this town and over which the whole Democratic party of the state have gone into convulsions. It was first published in the daily Journal of this city on August 30. Since that it has been republished in almost every Democratic paper of the state, and has been retold and enlarged upon by almost every speaker who has gone on the stump. When one of these sacred guardians of good government would read or speak of this horrible affair you could always see him turn as pale in the face as a crow and choke up worse than if he had a fish bone in his throat. I give the article just as it was head-lined and reproduce it word for word and following that I give the testimony as given on oath in the mayor's court.

The public are cordially invited to examine carefully this case and judge for themselves, of its merits as a campaign document. If there are any, who after a thorough examination of the case, believe it has any relation whatever to the politics of this state, I shall be pleased to have their reasons for such opinion, and will take great pleasure in giving them and their party a wide circulation of that opinion. I do not give the full evidence taken in the case, but only that of the principal witnesses. Should any curious minded individual desire to examine the case in full he may call upon me, I have a copy in full, or if more convenient he might call in the mayor's office in the city of Newbern where the orignal is deposited in the archives of the city:

NEARLY A MURDER.

Unprovoked Assault Upon White Men by Negroes on a Public Street.

Sunday night about half past ten o'clock as Thomas Wilburn and Frank Parsons, two young white men, were coming down South Front street, they brutally assaulted by half a dozen negroes. In the scrimmage one of the negroes stabbed Parsons through the nose with a knife, the weapon entering at one side, and coming out at the other. After this the negroes fled. They were of course unknown. It is evident that the blow was intended for Parson's throat, and would have certainly proven fatal had it struck where it was intended.

No reason is known for the assault, as neither of the young men had had any altercation with any negro, nor any words either. It was purely a cold blooded attempt at assassination, and had not the young men made such a vigorous resistance they would doubtless have been killed. And this right here in a city of 10,000 inhabitants. It seems more like a tale of some border mining town than an occurrence in the center of civilization. These things must and will be stopped. When a citizen cannot walk the public streets without being set upon by a pack of blood-thirsty barbarians, the situation is really alarming.

The white men must put an end to a condition which makes these things possible!—Newbern Daily Journal, August 30, 1898.

THE LICKED MAN'S EVIDENCE.

Thomas Wilburn, being duly sworn says: On Sunday night, the 28th of August, I was sitting under a shop shed on Spring street in company with Frank Parsons and another man. When the clock struck ten I left them and started home, down South Front street. I stopped at a woman's house on South Front street, I do not know the woman's name. When I had been there five or ten minutes some one knocked at the door. She took me in the back yard, I saw a man come to the gate, he was a colored man, I started into the street when this man caught me and pushed me back. I then saw five or six other negroes come up and surround me, and first one and the other of them began kicking me until they bruised my face up considerably. Did not see any sticks. There was no loud cursing or talking. I did not make any out-cry or hollow. They knocked me to my knees in the alley and while in this position Mr. Parsons came to my relief and asked what was the matter, when the negroes scattered to the street. I also went out. Mr. Parsons was telling them that he knew them when one of them struck h'm with something. He fell to the ground and remained there unconscious. As soon as Mr. Parsons was struck the men ran off. Upon cross-examination Mr. Wilburn said: "I knew Mattie Johnson kept a house of ill fame, I am a white man and I went to this colored woman's house to have illicit intercourse with her. I was not knocked down. The negroes did not strike me with anything but their fists, I see the woman in court," (Pointing to Mattie Johnson). "That is her."

Frank Parsons was sworn and said: I passed Mattie Johnson's, saw and heard a wrangle, saw a crowd, saw Wilburn in the back yard and a crowd was beating him, I saw a man with a stick and some one hit me, I did not offer to strike, had no pistol, used no profanity.

WHAT MATTIE SAID.

Mattie Johnson was sworn and said: Mr. Wilburn was at my house Sunday night, I opened the back door for Mr. Wilburn to go out. John Daniels was at the front door, I told Mr. Wilburn to go through the little gate, if he did not want one to see him. Heard a noise in back yard, went out and Reuben Wiggins and Henry Wise were fighting Mr. Wilburn. Mr. Wilburn said please turn me loose, Mr. Parsons rushed on Daniels about this time with hand in hip pocket and Daniels struck him.

Newbern, N. C., Oct 7th, 1898.

I, M. J. Roberts, chief of police for the city of Newbern, hereby certify that Mattie Johnson is a colored woman of ill fame and a regular police court subject, and is now confined in the city prison for disorderly conduct in the streets of the city.

M. L. ROBERTS,
Chief of Police.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this October 7th, 1898.

HUGH J. LOVICK,
Notary Public.

A PROLIFIC CAUSE FOR ROWS.

The evidence in this case is about as compatible as usual in cases of its kind. It is not my purpose to reconcile it as lawyers would pro and con if trying to convict or acquit their client, but it is the incongruity that exists between the statement of the case by the Journal and the real case as it appears from the evidence. The country acting as jurors may take the case and make their decision as may seem proper after the examination offered through this truthful statement of the facts. I do want to direct attention to the fact that instead of these negroes not being known as the Journal states that they are well known, and no effort was at any time made to conceal their identity and I furthermore want to call attention to the fact that in place of there being no known reason why those negroes should have made this assault, the evidence makes clear a reason which in all ages of the world and in all conditions of society has been the most prolific of disturbances and rows of any other agency known to the human family. Wilburn had been lured to the same bait that attracted the negroes, and it being their meat they sought to defend it. But poor Parsons' story is nothing but a repetition of the story of poor Tray.

This is the kind of rot the Democratic press and politicians of this state are offering the people, in exchange for the political freedom and local self-government they robbed them of when they had control of the state, and which they would do in an enlarged form should they ever again be given the opportunity. I have no idea the Intelligence of the State will be led into their ruin and political bondage through such infamous rot.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

No one has any disposition to deny the fact that some negroes hold office in this city and county, but in place of their being in control they are for the most part, as much under the direction of their superiors who are competent and respectable white men, as are the colored cooks of this city under the control of their white landlady. Two thirds of this town are negroes, yet there is not a negro in the city hall. The chief of police is a white man of good appearance and an efficient officer. The other eight police officers are divided equally. The colored officers operating entirely in the colored precincts of the city, and the best of order prevails without the slightest friction between the races.

The records of the city government are open to the inspection of all. The tax levy has been reduced from 80 cents on the $100 worth of property under the last year of Democratic control to 60 cents on the $100 under this year of Republican control. In spite of this lower rate the Democrats turned over 12 cents to the Republican city government and upon this lower levy the Republicans have paid more than $1000 of the city's indebtedness and still have a cash balance of over $3000 in the treasury.

Facts could be cited from now until the polls close on the 8th of November in proof of the superiority of this Republican administration over any of its Democratic predecessors, but I shall go no further in this way, but will have something more to say before I conclude this series of articles.

PARTING SHOTS.

Democrats Could Not Make This Campaign Against Fusion Record.

Misrepresenting the Negro Their Only Hope—Something of the Character, Hopes and Aspirations of Those in the East Who are Aiding This Campaign of Race Prejudice.

When first it occurred to me that in the interest of truth it was the duty of some one to make a personal investigation of the situation as it really exists in the government of those counties in the east, in which a few negroes hold offices, I doubted myself as being equal to the undertaking for two reasons specially. First, my partisan orthodoxy, and second, my ability to do justice to the subject.

I have always met the denunciations of the Democratic press and speakers of this condition by the frank admission that if the property rights and morals of these communities were so wrongfully outraged, through the influence of negroes holding office, that I would never consent to its continuance.

I, however, never believed that the real purpose of the Democratic party in robbing the people of their local self-government was to provide better government in the counties or anywhere else. On the contrary it was my opinion that this system of wholesale robbing the people of their liberties was for the sole purpose of entrenching themselves in power in the State, beyond the reach of the ballots of the voters. Under the Buzzard nest system of county government which they enacted after having completed the robbery they perpetuated when they had outraged the State under the inspiration contained in the memorable telegram I have above referred to, which Gen. Cox sent to Robeson county in the words "Hold Robeson and save the State," all kinds of rings, cliques, and offensive gangs flourished around every court house in the State. These gang had for their nucleus the chairmen of the Democratic executive committee in the counties in which they flourished and that official was elected to the position he held because of his well known qualifications for doing anything that might be suggested as being beneficial to party success. In his jurisdiction no questions of right or wrong, honesty or dishonesty were ever raised. His dictates were supreme and his subordinates, whether in an official or partisan capacity, should never be questioned and from his determination of affairs, whether in the government of the county or in a partisan capacity there was likewise no appeal.

Year in and year out the people paid their taxes to the sheriff whom theyhad elected and in turn that officer delivered their money to the court house ring who used it according to the terms of their own will and none dared question their authority for receiving or honesty in disposing of the money committed to their keeping and distribution.

For eighteen years the people protested against this horrible inquity but their protests fell as lead upon the ears of these cruel Democratic taskmasters.

In the elections of 1894 the people arose in the majesty of their power and through their sovereignty declared that these things should no longer exist in this State. The people's rights and liberties were restored to them and the books were opened.

For all the days of these years the Democratic party offered no defense of their imperious county government system save the one plea that it afforded protection to a few eastern counties from negro and incompetent rule. Mind you these terms are always termed synonomously.

OPENED THE BOOKS.

When the elections of 1894 had opened the books the pages of history so long hidden from the critical eyes of the taxpayers disclosed the startling fact that Democratic opposition to local self-government upon the pretense of furnishing better government to a few counties in the east was the colossal humbug of the age and when their dark conduct of affairs in all the counties of the State was unmasked it showed one continuous chain of corruption, waste and fraud from one end of the State to the other.

So conclusively were the claims of Republicans and Populists verified that this system of government in the counties had been maintained for the sole purpose of maintaining ring rule in every county and in the State itself that in the campaign of 1896 no resentment was made by the Democratic party to the record made by the fusion legislature of 1895 whereby these howling humbugs and reeking frauds were unmasked, and but feeble opposition was made to the fusion combine again carrying the State and thereby insuring further progress in its good begun work of restoring a pure republican form of honest representative government to the people in all the counties of the State.

AFTER PIE.

For their taking of this course there were, however, some good reasons.

A Democratic politician always contests for the most valuable prize. In the elections of 1896 the entire patronage of the nation was at stake and that was of vastly greater interest to the hungry Democratic pie-hunting brigade than the little pelf they could glean from so uninviting a field as the management of affairs in North Carolina offered after its having been fleeced by them for twenty years.

To their utter consternation and disappointment on the morning following election day, 1896, they awoke to a realization of the fact that like the dog with his bone they had grabbed for the shadow and in making the grab for the shadow they had lost the bone also. They were not long in determining a course for the future. There being no national election for the fall of 1898 the only raid upon the pie counter offered was the State and county offices to be filled.

COULD NOT APPEAL TO REASON.

The visible evidences of Republican success in the administration of every department of national State and county government offered poor inducement to discredited Democracy for a successful issue upon which to ride again into that power they had so recently and justly forfeited by reason of their little regard for the rights, interest and liberties of the people when exercising jurisdiction over their affairs.

While casting about for a hobby upon which to again lure the people from their interests and liberties into the dark and horrible methods of Democratic bad government and oppression through which they had so recently passed was an undertaking of no mean proportions.

No appeal could be made to the common sense, reason and judgment of a people who so lately had gone from under the galling experience given through years of Democratic misrule and defiance of their will.

DESIGN TO DISFRANCHISE THE ILLITERATE.

Remembering the success of their party in gaining control of the State in 1876 through an appeal to the prejudices of the white man against the negro they at once decided uon a campaign of vituperation and abuse in which misrepresentation and appeals to prejudice alone are the arguments offered the people as their reason for again placing upon themselves the unbearable burden of Democratic misrule and oppression, extravagance and ruin.

Under the contemptible leadership of the News and Observer at Raleigh the entire Democratic press of the State is pressing this campaign upon the people through the agency of vile caricatures and inflammatory editorials, articles and reports of meetings and conditions, written by untrustworthy scribblers from every quarter of the State until these self-appointed guardians of the people's rights and liberties have wrought themselves into a foment of hydrophobic rabies over the construstructive evils they have reported as having existence in our eastern counties, all of which, as I have shown through personal observation, has no foundation in fact, but renders, as they suppose, effective service in embittering the minds of the voters against the Republican party and in diverting attention from their offensive and ruinous record of the past. While they may, through the indignation thus gendered against the Republican party for its recognition of the colored man as a citizen, secure enough votes from the unwary to again place them in control of the State, and when once again in control I will permit Gen. Cox, the author of "Hold Robeson and save the State," previously referred to, tell just what will happen.

"WITH A RETURN OF THE DEMOCRATS TO POWER IN NORTH CAROLINA, I THINK IT SAFE TO PREDICT THAT MEASURES WILL BE ADOPTED, AS THEY HAVE BEEN IN SOUTH CAROLINA, LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI, LOOKING TO THE ELIMINATION OF A LARGE PER CENT. OF THE IGNORANT AND PURCHASABLE VOTE."

THEIR HOPE OF SUCCESS.

I have thus far written of the past history of Democracy in this State, its presentations in this campaign and its purposes if successful. I shall now direct attention to the foundation of its hope for success. As before said its only argument is addressed to prejudice rather than to reason and judgment. If a cause for prejudice really exists, there can be no adequate argument offered for the eradication of that prejudice, but if it can clearly be shown that no cause exists in fact for that prejudice there is then left no excuse for further maintaining that prejudice and lovers of truth and justice will no longer hold to it.

Let us then examine into the sources of the foul misrepresentations that are being daily made to the public whereby these prejudices are kept alive in the minds of the people, and if mercenary and ignoble purposes are found to be at the bottom of them, any reasonable man will agree with me that not only the sources themselves should be repudiated, but the beneficiaries of these sources should likewise be repudiated.

The first, greatest and foulest of these sources are the Democratic newspapers of North Carolina. The very life and being of these institutions depend altogether upon the sensation they are able to create among the people, and the patronage they are able to control from their party when in power. In this campaign every Democratic newspaper in the State has opened its columns to the most unblushing, dishonorable and dirty scavangers who have assisted the editors in making their papers sewers for the most vicious, vile and unreconcilable sluice of slander and libel upon the State that gives them freedom and protection that has ever been given the public in any State or age. Without shame or remorse this hell incited howl goes on increasing daily in the production of far-fetched lies and slanders which, when traced to an origin, have no more foundation in fact than the mythical pot of gold under the end of the rainbow.

SLANDERS OF THE MESSENGER AND DEMOCRATIC PRESS OF THE STATE.

Some of these from the storm center, such as the "Messenger" at Wilmington, hatch any kind of conception that to the disordered mind of the manager seems of advantage in arousing conditions whereby Democracy may profit at the polls. In every issue of this decrepit old vehicle of slander and libel, advice is given to employers to refuse employment to colored men who refuse to vote with them, and only this week some sleuth of that rotten sheet forged communications with a hardware firm in another city making inquiry about Winchester rifles, and at once every Democratic newspaper in the State bore tidings abroad under incendiary headlines that the negroes were preparing for insurrection, when every man connected with that conduit of infamy knows that no more quiet, inoffensive negro population lives in any city of the South than does in the city of Wilmington. I do not mean to disparage the city government of Asheville when I say that more boisterous noise is heard and more negro independence is seen upon "Greasy Corner" on South Main street every Saturday night from 7 until 10 o'clock than is seen in the whole city of Wilmington the entire week. That there are a few negroes holding positions in the city governments of Wilmington and Newbern I have no disposition to dodge or deny. If this mere fact is cause for a repudiation of the Republican party which I have shown beyond any question has given these cities a much better government in every way than they ever enjoyed under Democratic control, then I submit the repudiation is justifiable, but if every claim that entitles a cause to consideration shall be taken into account, and results are to be measured, by their benefits. I challenge comparison of the government of these cities in every particular with any city in the State controlled by Democrats, and agree that if a full investigation does not show these cities as well governed in every particular as any city presented for comparison by the Democrats, then I will withdraw my support from the fusion party and follow the fortunes of Democracy to triumph

PUBLIC SPEAKERS.

or defeat in this campaign. Public speakers are another and fruitful source of the foul misrepresentations and slander that is scattered broad cast to inflame the minds of the people against the Republican party. They join no issue of fact in their harangues but make a reproduction in enlarged edition of the defamations and slanders published daily in the newspapers of their party. To hear those prostitutes of truth embellish ther lamentations over conditions in this State with copious tears of profound regret that such irreparable misfortune as Republican rule should ever have befallen their State, would make a stranger believe that Russia under the Cossack would be more preferable as a home of freedom and virtue than the Old North State, but in spite of these the returns come in daily that show an increase in our material wealth and a betterment of our every condition under fusion rule. Gentlemen, of this class proceed

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

with your work and see if I care. The most dangerous document I have yet seen as a source of strength to this movement against the Republican party in its government of eastern cities is the action of the Chamber of Commerce in Wilmington last week. But for the fact that from the fall of Adam the devil has been stealing the livery of heaven in which to deceive mortal man and lure him to ruin the resolution proposed by this board would be a dangerous document for the administration now in control of the city. I have already taken the position that the banking business of a town is its best barometer of prosperity. I have shown that no city in the State shows so satisfactory a growth in business as the banks of Wilmington, but when the representation of that other great power and index to a town's prosperity—its commerce—comes to the front and says it is ruined by existing conditions, then comes an opportunity for investigation into the reasons for that declaration. In order that the public may be made acquainted with the motives, those of the Chamber of Commerce who adopted this resolution had in adopting it I tender to it an investigation of those members and their motives, and upon that investigation all I ask is a candid judgment upon the merits of the allegation contained in the resolution.

The Chamber of Commerce has a membership of 105. At the meeting in which this resolution was adopted 39 members were present and consenting.

THE PRESIDENT

Of the Chamber of Commerce who was present and voted for the resolution is one James H. Chadburn, who, up to that time, had affiliated with the Republican party and is now the county treasurer of New Hanover county.

Ever since the time of Judas Iscariot, who, in his day, filled this same position for the Saviour and his chosen twelve, and of whom it was said, that he did not follow his Lord in good faith but was a thief from the beginning, there have been traitors to every good cause, and it now seems this fellow has attempted to sell his party for less than Judas did his Master.

THOMAS W. STRANGE.

The leading spirit in the movement was Thomas W. Strange, chairman of the Democratic executive committee of New Hanover county, hence his motive. To the people of Western North Carolina no more satisfactory condemnation could be offered of any proposition than the fact that the name of Thomas W. Strange appears as a supporter or an opposer of that proposition. He owes the extension of his unprofitable life to the firmness and integrity of the sheriff of Haywood county who protected him from the righteous indignation of the best people God ever made who intended swinging him to a "bell post" for the cold-hearted, red-handed and unprovoked murder of one of the best young men ever raised in Haywood county. Until this day the darkest crime that hovers around the history of the Republican party in the mountains of North Carolina smirches the record of the court made by "Greasy" Sam Watts, who was imported from Raleigh to save the neck of this wretch from the expiation of a crime for which he richly deserved a felon's death at the end of a halter of hemp. Now after the Republican party has for 23 years suffered a just condemnation for Watts' conduct the beneficiary of that conduct presents himself in this role before the public denouncing the Republican party for less evils which he says now exist in the party in the city where he lives. But he pleads for "white supremacy" and "good government." A pretty representative of good government he is, and he holds a Republican commission. Another leading spirit in the adoption of the resolution was Capt. W. R. Keenon, former collector of customs under Cleveland's administration. Do the public see why he wants a change?

Another was Col. Walker Taylor, son of the present Democratic clerk of the Superior court, and pa is a candidate for re-election. See! This same fellow was one of the leaders in the steal in this county in 1892, whereby the Democrats stole a thousand votes and took the county offices. Next man was S. H. Fishblate, the most thoroughly execrated Democrat by his own party, of any man in the city, for his unscrupulous political trickery and who as mayor of the city distinguished his administration by an increase of $50,000 in its bonded indebtedness. Of course he has great claims as a representative of "good government." Then comes Geo. Harris and Geo. Harris, jr., whose father and brothers have lived for almost a generation from the city treasury. Then W. H. Northrop, another member of the same family who wants more pie. Then R. W. Hicks, ex-alderman. Then P. B. Manning, son-in-law of the clerk of the Superior court, lawyer and ex-city attorney, out of a job, wants one. See!

T. W. Clawson, reporter on Messenger; J. C. Strawson, New Hanover Dem. Ex. Com.; George Rountree, general counsel for Democracy in all its deviltry; J. Allen Taylor, another son of the present clerk of the Superior court; F. H. Steadman, ex-sheriff and principal beneficiary of the steal of 1892.

The last one I shall name is H. C. McQueen, present chairman of the board of audit and finance and whose signature is necessary on any and all warrants for the payment of money by the city treasury, and there is no other means by which money can be paid out except by warrants approved by him. As there has never been a conflict between the board of aldermen and the board of audit and finance over any appropriation proposed by the former board, Mr. McQueen, as chairman of the latter, when voting for this resolution allowed his politics to get away with his definite knowledge to the contrary. Another pretty representation of "good government."

The remainder of those voting for the resolution were only fillers in who just stand up to be counted on such occasions. Every leading member who supported this resolution has, in the past gained some unenviable notoriety in the history of politics of the city or state, but all now are attempting for political purposes to steal the mantle of respectability of a commercial body to give a semblance of truth to their denunciations and mouthings. I wish briefly to call attention to one more and the last of these foul sources of misrepresentations which are dished out to the people in this campaign.

SO-CALLED MINISTERS.

These would be the most dangerous of all sources, but for the fact that several years ago the same gang played so well their part in bringing on the greatest struggle that ever took place in the human family, and since that memorable conflict their influence in society has happily been greatly eliminated. By these I refer to flannel mouthed, so-called ministers of the Gospel, who so far forget their calling as to go up and down the country roaring their foul slanders and vicious falsehoods for political effect in a worse and more vindictive form than is possible for a common cross roads politician to do.

Well do the good people of this State remember the unsavory record of this gang in the stormy years of 1861 to 1865. Almost every pulpit in the South was turned into headquarters for agitation of an uncalled for fratricidalwar and when that war, chiefly through the influence of these reprobate preachers had been brought on, their pulpits were continued as a recruiting station through which to persuade, ostracise and hound every young man in the land to mortal combat, and to a grave in which he had no interest. It has been stated that the same austere old seer that is now editor in chief of the Wilmington Messenger, a paper more bitter toward Republicans than all other papers in the state, not being able to obtain exemption from service in the Confederate army under the infamous statute allowing the owner of twenty negroes to remain out of service, while the poor man fought for those same negroes, got so righteous that he imagined the crucifixion would have been postponed until his day, had the actors in that great drama known definitely the day of his coming would have been in time to have benefited the race for which the Savior was to die, and made a bomb proof of the pulpit where during the war he recruited young men for the Confederate army. This is only one of thousands of cases of the same kind, and if one of the renowned gang ever repented for the ruin they brought upon the country or the lives of the young men they indirectly destroyed it was after they lifted up their eyes from the conditions in which Dives was when last heard from. My only comment to the country on this is to remember the conduct of those reprobate ministers in 1861 to 1865, and beware of the slander of Jesse H. Page and all of his reprobate kind.

IN CONCLUSION.

Uninvited and unbidden I have tendered this communication to the public.

Aside from the feeble effort made in doing justice to the subject and to the contemptible imposition Democratic politicians are attempting to inject into this campaign I have no apology to offer for my undertaking. I discount the criticism I subject myself to in making this attack upon so formidable an array of intelligence and influence as I come in contact with in presenting this to the people of North Carolina, and rely upon the righteousness of my cause for vindication.

Where I have been personal it has not been of choice, but from a conscientious conviction that the character criticised, whether as a class or as an individual merited the criticism offered. I despise the kind of politics that invites this kind of opposition, but the Democratic party in this campaign is wholly responsible for the situation that demands it. Intolerant to the opinions of their opponents and without respect for the position or character of any who dares differ with them, they spare no abuse, or insult, either personal or political that is possible for them to offer, and this forces meeting them with arguments in kind.

Fifty thousand white men who voted for McKinley have joined hands with 30,000 of the same race who voted for Bryan and are marching in solid phalanx under one common banner upon which is inscribed as their watchword, "Freedom of the ballot, and honest local self-government."

Victory for this combination is already assured and needs only the closing of the polls on the 8th day of November to convince the Democratic party that its methods are no longer wanted in this State.